The Adams Sentinel.

A Family Journal---Devoted to Foreign and Domestic News, Politics, Literature, Agriculture, Education, Morality, Science and Art, Amusement, Advertising, &c. &c.

At $2 00 per annum, in advance---
Or $2 50, if not paid within the year.

ROBERT G. HARPER, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Advertisements $1 per square for 3 weeks;
25 cents per square for each continuance.

"RESIST WITH CARE THE SPIRIT OF INNOVATION UPON THE PRINCIPLES OF YOUR GOVERNMENT, HOWEVER SPECIOUS THE PRETEXT."—*Washington.*

VOL. LII. GETTYSBURG, PA., MONDAY, FEBRUARY 16, 1852. NO. 15.

VALUABLE LOT OF GROUND
FOR SALE.

IN pursuance of an Order of the Orphans' Court of Adams county, the undersigned will sell at Public Vendue, on the premises,

On Saturday the 21st of February, inst.,
at one o'clock of said day,

A CERTAIN LOT OF GROUND,

situate in the Borough of Gettysburg adjoining a public alley and lands of David Sweney, James Pitcy, the Catholic Church and others, containing 2¼ Acres, more or less.

The terms of sale will be made known, and attendance given, upon the day of sale, by

JOHN J KERR,
Guardian of the minor children of Maria M'Ilheny, dec'd.

Feb 9. ts

REMOVAL.
J. Lawrence Hill, M. D.,
DENTIST.

HAS removed his Office to the building opposite the Lutheran Church in Chambersburg street, two doors east of Mr. Middlecoff's Store, where those wishing to have any Dental operations performed, are respectfully invited to call.

REFERENCES.

Dr. C. N. Bentley, Rev. J. C. Watson, D. D.,
" D. Horner, " C. P. Krauth, D. D.
" C. A. Cowgill, " Prof M. Jacobs.
" D. Gilbert, " " H. L. Baugher,
Prof. Stoever " " W. M. Reynolds.
Gettysburg, July 9. tf

JOSEPH C. CLARKSON,
Attorney at Law, and Solicitor in Chancery,
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS,

WILL attend promptly to all business entrusted to him, and to the location of *MILITARY LAND WARRANTS*

REFERENCES { Hon Daniel M. Smyser,
R. G. Harper, Esq.

Sept. 29. tf

JAMES G. REED,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.

OFFICE on the south side of the Public Square two doors west of the "Sentinel" Office

April 19. tf

WM. B. M'CLELLAN,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.

OFFICE South-East Corner of the Franklin House, formerly occupied as Sheriff's Office by Geo. W. M'Clellan, Esq.

Dec 23. tf

D. M'CONAUGHY,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.

OFFICE in the Southwest Corner of the Public Square, one door west of George Arnold's Store, formerly occupied as a Law Office by John M Conaughy, Esq. deceased

☞D. M'Conaughy will also attend promptly to all business entrusted to him as

ATTORNEY AND SOLICITOR
For Patents and Pensions.

He has made arrangements through which he can furnish very desirable facilities to applicants, and entirely relieve them from the necessity of a journey to Washington

☞D. M'C. is prepared to attend to the prosecution of claims for BOUNTY LAND to Soldiers of the War of 1812 and others—the selection of *choice lands*, and locating their *Warrants*—procuring *Patents*, and selling *Soldiers' land* to the best advantage.

☞Apply personally or by letter.

Gettysburg, Nov 4. tf

CABINET-MAKING.
DAVID HEAGY

TENDERS his acknowledgments to the Public for the liberal and steady patronage with which he has been favored for a series of years, and respectfully announces to his former customers and the public generally, that he has his Shop at present in Chambersburg street—where persons wishing FURNITURE can be accommodated at very moderate prices for CASH, PRODUCE, and LUMBER, for which the highest market prices will be paid

☞All Furniture warranted to be made of the very best of materials, and by experienced workmen.

COFFIN.

All orders for Coffins will meet with the same prompt attention as heretofore

DAVID HEAGY.

Gettysburg, Dec. 2. tf

STEAM MARBLE WORKS,
Corner of North and Monument Streets, Baltimore, Md.

SISSON & BAIRD having completed their extensive works, (which is now one of the largest establishments of the kind in this country,) are prepared to fill all orders in their line, viz

MARBLE MANTLES, MONUMENTS, Tombs, Grave Stones, Table Tops, Tiles, (for floors,) *MARBLE LETTERS*, &c., at as reasonable rates as can be had in this or any other city in the Union. For beauty of execution and originality of design, their stock cannot be surpassed. They would respectfully invite *Architects, Builders, Cabinet Makers* and others to call and examine before purchasing. They are also prepared to furnish the trade with *Slabs, Blocks*, &c. to order.

☞All orders by mail punctually attended to

Sept. 29. 6m

ATTENTION!

Washington Independent Guards!

YOU will parade at the house of Moses Smith, in Cashtown, *on Saturday the 21st inst.*, at 10 *o'clock precisely*, in winter uniform, with arms and accoutrements in complete order. By order of the Captain.

Feb 9 GEO. D. EYSTER, O. S.

Gift Books and Annuals.

KELLER KURTZ is now receiving the best selected and cheapest assortment of these SEASONABLE BOOKS, ever offered to this public.

☞Call and see them, at the Cheap Book Store, in the S. E corner of the Diamond, Gettysburg. Dec 15

PARASOLS and UMBRELLAS, a large and varied assortment. ☞Call at KURTZ'S Cheap Corner. [April 14.

Choice Poetry.

THE LAW OF MERCY.

'Tis written with the pen of Heavenly Love.
On every heart which skill divine has moulded;
A transcript from the statute book above,
Where angels read their Sovereign's will unfolded

It bids us seek the holes where famine lurks,
Clutching the hoarded crust with trembling fingers;
Where Toil in damp unwholesome caverns works,
Or with strain'd eyeballs o'er the needle lingers.

It bids us stand beside the dying bed
Of those about to quit the world forever,
Smooth the tossed pillow, prop the sinking head,
Cheer the heart-broken, whom death hates to sever.

It bids us tell the tempted that the joy
Of guilt indulged, will change ere long to sorrow;
The draft of sickly sweetness soon will cloy
And pall upon the sated taste to-morrow.

And those who copy thus Christ's life on earth,
Feeding the poor, and comforting the weeper,
Will all receive a meed of priceless worth,
When ripely gather'd by the heav'nly Reaper.

FAMILIAR THINGS.

There is a truth that travel brings,
A truth of homely birth;
We dwell among familiar things,
And little know their worth.
The emigrant in distant lands,
The sailor on the sea,
For all that round us silent stands,
Have deeper hearts than we.

We dwell among familiar things;
And daily, with dull sight,
We touch a thousand secret springs
Of sorrow and delight:
Delight and reverential bliss,
To those, who, exiled far,
Stretch dreaming arms to clasp and kiss
Each little household star

We dwell among familiar things;
We know them by their use;
And, by their many mute arrangements,
Their value we deduce;
Forgetful each has had an eye,
And each can speak, though dumb:
And, of the ghostly days gone by,
Strange witness might become.

We dwell among familiar things;
But should it be our lot
To sever all the binding strings
That form the household knot,
To wander upon alien mould,
And cross the restless foam;
How clearly should we then behold
The Deities of Home!

Miscellaneous.

From the Ladies' Repository.

EVERY-DAY LIFE OF WOMAN.

Kind reader, it is no fancy sketch that I am going to give you. It is drawn from life in all its reality: and in every city, village, country-town, and neighborhood, its truthfulness will be recognized. Yes, woman, it is here, when thou art true to the nature thy Maker hath given thee, thou excellest, and art honored; long-suffering, full of humble and generous affections, sacrificing thyself to the happiness of those thou lovest, and grateful to Heaven that of the two penalties the severest falls upon thee Thy love is, indeed, the cynosure of life: never wandering from the one point, never faltering, never failing.

A young man arrives at an age when he thinks it time for him to get married, and settle down. He has a respectable education, and wants a woman who is his equal. He looks about him, and makes a choice.—She is a girl well educated, reared by careful parents, and is, in the truest sense, a lady. She is intelligent, loves books, possesses a refined and delicate taste, and is, in all points, well fitted to be the mistress of a cheerful, happy home. She becomes his wife; is industrious, and ambitious to do as much as she can toward a living. May be they are not very well off as to the things of this world, and both are equally ambitious to accumulate a comfortable property; and the husband soon becomes avaricious enough to allow the woman of his love to become his most devoted drudge. Her life is thenceforth one of the most unremitting toil. It is nothing but cook and bake, wash dishes, thrash about among the pots and kettles, wash and iron, churn, pick up chips, draw water, and thousand other things "too tedious to mention."

The result is, the husband soon owns the house he lives in, and something besides; takes his ease when he chooses, reads and improves his mind, and becomes important in community. But the cares of his faded, broken down wife know no relaxation.—The family enlarges, and she, poor woman, has enough to do without finding time to increase her stock of knowledge, or to watch the progress of the minds of her children. It is, therefore, no fault of hers that they are growing up with characteristics and habits of a doubtful tendency There is always the measles, the hooping-cough, worm fever, or summer complaint, or something of that sort, in the family; and Will is constantly breaking his head, and bruising his knees, and cutting his fingers; and Ned and Sue are invariably in need of soap and water. And when the little, noisy, mischievous, yet beloved flock are safely tucked away for the night in trundle-beds and cribs, how many stockings there are out at the heels and toes; how many jackets out at the elbows, and trowsers out at the knees! What a variety of cross-grained holes in frocks, and how many buttons, and hooks, and eyes off—all to sigh over, and be mended!

The wonder is, that the mother does not sink within this circle of everlasting drudgery, which deprives her of the privilege of relaxation for a day, and the time which she would gladly devote to maternal education of her children She is occupied, from morning till night, in one unending round of duties and cares—mistress, mother, and maid of all work. Her mind, though craving knowledge, cannot seek it; for she is generally too much fatigued by the exertions of the day to seek it after the noisy little group are out of the way, and she has done darning and patching. Husband comes in now, and reads from some book or newspaper. He wonders why she is so little interested, and, may be, very gently, hints at her deficiencies in this respect. Yes, amid all these cares and this drudgery, he would have her satisfied and happy, sit by his side like Klopstock's Meta, "looking so still in his sweet face."

In the morning as soon the birds begin their songs, the little flock are out of bed. Then come the washings and dressings; the busy mother needs twenty hands, since as many wants are poured in upon her distracted ears It's "Mother, where's my jacket?" "Mother, I can't get the knot out of my shoe-string." or "I've broke my shoe-string;" "Mother, I want a pin;" "Mother, Ned is spattering me with soap-suds;" "Mother, mayn't I wear my pink dress or my new apron?" By this time the baby wakes, and opens his infantile battery of screams. In scolding Ned—the naughty rogue, so full of fun and frolic—and helping the rest, and quieting the baby, the minutes fly. Husband comes in, with,

"Goodness, wife, an't breakfast ready yet? It's ten minutes past eight. I've been waiting for more than an hour."

"You forget that I have all the children to see to, and the baby is very fretful this morning," replies the wife.

Silenced but not convinced, the husband is quite as apt to take the newspaper and sit down, as he is to take the baby from the arms of his oppressed and tender wife, so that she can hurry the breakfast. When it is ready, and they are seated at the table, wife must, as usual, pour out the coffee with the baby in her arms, too much fatigued to enjoy her breakfast. "My dear," says husband, "it seems to me the coffee is not quite as clear as usual, the steak is a little too rare or overdone, or the hash is not seasoned quite right." Not that he means to complain: for he knows how desirous she is to please him, ever to say a word intentionally to wound her feelings. But these slight hints to an overtasked woman, amid her gentle but imperious demands, are often irritating to the feelings, and call out many a sharp, caustic reply, of which she repents in five minutes after.

Thus many a woman breaks and sinks beneath the wear and tear of the frame and the affections. She rallies before the world, and "her children rise up and call her blessed," and she is blessed in conscious attempts to discharge her duty; but cares eat away at her heart; the day presses on her with new toils: the night comes, and they are unfulfilled: she lies down in weariness, and rises with uncertainty; her smiles become languid and few, and her husband wonders at the gloominess of his home. When he married, he thought the chosen of his heart his equal in intelligence, but now she is far his inferior. Poor soul! I wonder she ever had courage even to think of a book—she who must care for her body and soul, day and night; who must pray for, teach, guide, and rule her own household, while her busy hands and feet are ever active in giving meat in due season, and seeing to it that their garments wax not old.

Now, this is certainly wrong; and the foundation of all this wrong is principally in that avaricious spirit which makes the dollar the standard of respectability. The money expended for help in the house looks so large to some men, that, so long as their meals are cooked, their shirts, cravats, and collars are in order, not a button off, their stockings darned, etc., they don't trouble themselves about the circumstances under which these things have been done. Their wives may do the most menial drudgery, toil early and late, if they do not complain too much; and become old, withered, sallow, nervous, broken-down women twenty years before their time, and frequently give place to a second wife, to come into the share of the property that the first should have enjoyed through a quiet old age of rest.

We hope to see the day when there will be a reform in this thing. We call upon the women to engage in this reform—for I fear that many of you are deeply in the fault of avarice—and show husbands that life can be enjoyed more truly by the proper preservation of the health and beauty, accomplishments and good spirits, of their companions; that if they would have intelligent, orderly children, neat houses, good dinners, and smiling wives, they must not be too willing to have them occupy the time that should be devoted to their own improvement and the training of their children in the most menial drudgery. It is the opinion of a great man, that "the perfection of a society consists in the division of labor;" and an humble house-keeper agrees with him.

☞Why do not lords fall down in sleeping on their perch? Because such is the structure of their feet and legs, that the greater the weight upon the muscles, the more firmly the claws grasp whatever they lay hold of.

Home's Tragedy—Taking a friend home with you, when there's nothing but cold meat for dinner.

☞If you want to keep your arms out of slings, keep slings out of you.—*Dutch.*

The Schoolmaster Rebuked.

The New London Chronicle gives the following rebuke which was administered by a true American school boy, twelve years of age, to a school master in that city, whose head had got somewhat bewildered by his too ardent admiration of Kossuth.—The master wrote the following for a copy in the writing-book of his pupils: "Kossuth—equal to, if not greater than Washington." When the books were handed round, the boy referred to saw the copy set for him, he turned quickly round to his seat-mate, and exclaimed with great animation, "by gings, I don't write that copy, I know, nor I won't have it in my book neither;" and quickly applying his knife to the leaf of his writing book, cut it out and threw it under his desk. That little fellow will never be ashamed of his country, or allow the name or the world-wide fame of the "father of his country" to be tarnished; neither will his country, so long as he retains that spirit, be ashamed of him. It is a pity that some of the "boys of a larger growth" do not possess more of his spirit.

Envy and Slander.

Envy chooses the fairest victim, and slander loves a shining mark! It is astonishing with what facility the world at large grasps at the vaguest calumny against those who have appeared superior; and how incessantly a whisper against an innocent woman is hatched into a tale of guilt, or a hint of evil is caught and bandied about when directed against an obviously honest man! This results from the exercise of the worst passions of human nature. People who are vicious themselves naturally hate those who are virtuous;—hence they are ever seeking opportunities to throw a doubt over the purity of their lives; so is it as to talents and attainments.

Smoking and Sallowness.—The Home Journal justly remarks:

The next generation of "American men" promise to be more sallow, more puny, and more dyspeptic than the one now laughed at by foreign travellers for their peculiarities. Reason why: smoking has become a positive "rage" among the schoolboys and urchins, and every second little villain you see in the street, particularly if well dressed, has a cigar in his mouth.

Little Girls.—Little girls are the light of a household. Sir E. B. Lytton says in one of his books that a girl has a native sense of propriety, and a quickness to learn, which will enable her to do the honors to a large company before a boy can be taught to enter a room without falling over the chairs. This may be too strong an expression of opinion, but the little women do manage to find command of their hands and feet sooner than their brothers. Their natures are more gentle, and their sense of propriety is keener. They are more at ease and of course less awkward.

A Good Hit.—In the admirable lecture of Governor Everett before the Boston Mercantile Library Association, on Wednesday evening, he related the following incident, which occurred during his residence in London as American Minister:

He received official notice from the authorities of one of the inland counties of England that an American was confined in one of their public institutions. He was represented as a sailor, half pauper and half rogue, who would be released from confinement upon condition that he would be taken in charge, and provided for by Mr. Everett. A reply was sent to the local authorities to send along the destitute American, though he would be of little use, in either of his capacities as pauper or rogue; still he could be aided and sent home by the American consul as a distressed seaman.

"I was proud," said Mr. Everett, "to be the medium of relieving the British Empire of the burden of supporting *one* of my countrymen, and I could but add in my letter—in answer to their local authorities—that, were the English Minister resident at Washington, to take charge of all the British subjects who were in the public institutions in the United States, as rogues and paupers, he would have quite an increase in his official duties."

Scarlet Fever Remedy.—We published a year or two ago a simple remedy for scarlet fever, being no other than the rubbing the patient thoroughly with *fat bacon*. We have since at different times received assurances from parties, whom the notice led to make a trial of it, of the entire success of the experiment Others are just now sending us testimonials of the astonishing and speedy cures recently wrought by it. We mention the matter, that others may "go and do likewise."—*Balt. Sun.*

How to dry Powder.—The last Minersville Bulletin, tells the following as an actual occurrence:

On Friday week, a man named Kraf, residing at Primrose, about a mile from this place, brought home a keg of wet powder for the purpose of drying it, and accordingly procured a large iron pot, put in the powder, and set it over a blazing fire, while he, with a stick provided for the purpose, commenced to stir it. As may be supposed, he had not been engaged in this business long, before an explosion took place—knocking the old fellow heels over head—the old woman and several others, ditto.

It is reported that no serious damage was done to either house or occupants We consider this a most expeditious plan for drying powder

☞Johnson gives us the following definitions

"Garret—The highest room in the house.
"Cockloft—The room above the garret"

RIDING A BEECH LOG.

THE WAY THE DOCTOR GOT LOST IN HIS OWN YARD.

Dr. Joshua Caldwell, who lived for many years in the town of Florence, out there on the Western Reserve in Ohio, was a most skillful physician, but withal one of the most eccentric and absent minded men in the world, except "Margaret," his wife, and she was fully his equal.

One summer morning, the Doctor got caught out in a tremendous shower, which drenched him to the skin. It soon cleared off, however, and Dr. Josh rode in his own yard, where he took the dripping saddle from his horse, and let him go adrift in the pasture. The saddle he had placed on a stout log of wood, which was elevated some four feet from the ground, on two posts where the Dr. had begun to build a platform to dry peaches on.

After having got his saddle all fixed so that it would dry, he took the bridle and putting the bits over the end of the log, he stretched out the reins, and hitching them to the horn of the saddle, he went in to change his wet clothes and get breakfast.—Joshua, junior, and Margaret, junior, were from home on a visit, and so the two seniors sat down together to their morning's meal.

When they were about half through, Jim Atwood, a farmer who lived about eight miles distant, came in, telling the Doctor he wished he would hurry and go over to his house, as he reckoned he might be wanted over there before night.

The Doctor promised to be there, and Jim went off in a hurry to the village after some necessary "fixens"

When the Doctor finished his breakfast he took his saddle bags, and out he went into the yard, where he deliberately mounted his saddle, and set out in imagination for Jim Atwood's.

For a long time he rode on in silence, with his eyes intently fixed on "Buchan's Practice," which lay open on the saddle before him. At length he began to feel the effect of the fierce rays of the mid-day sun, and looking up from his books, he discovered a very comfortable house close to him, upon which he sung out lustily for a drink of water.

Aunt Margaret, who had been for the last two hours very busy in the garden, soon made her appearance with a pitcher of milk, and after the thirsty stranger had taken a long draught, the two entered into an animated conversation, the Doctor launching out into rapturous praises of the scenery about the place, the neatness of the building, the fine orchard of peach and apple trees, and the lady who had got a glimpse of the saddle bags made a great many inquiries about the neighborhood, etc.

The Doctor finally took leave of the lady, assuring her that he would call on his return, and have some further conversation with her, as she reminded him so much of his wife, who he was sure would be very happy to make her acquaintance.

The lady turned to enter the house, and the Doctor had just gathered up the reins, when Jim Atwood dashed up to the gate with his horse in a lather of foam.

"What in thunder are you doing, Doctor?" yelled Jim; "get off that log and come along."

The doctor was a great deal astonished at first, but after a few minutes it got thro' his hair, that he had been all the morning riding a beech log in his own door-yard.—*Carpet Bag.*

☞They tell a story of a scene that occurred at the Kentucky Democratic Convention lately. The heavy work having been done up during the day, the Convention assembled in the evening to taper off by "a discussion of things in general."—General Pilcher introduced the resolutions of the New York Democracy in favor of the United States Government entering into a general crusade for the regulation of the world's affairs, but they were not received with any favor. The General, sneering at the danger that would attend such interference, exclaimed aloud in his speech, "*who's afraid?*" Mr. Sprigg, who stood directly in front of him, and who was in a condition for anything, exclaimed aloud in reply, "*I'm afraid!*" "Who's afraid?" reiterated Pilcher. "I'm afraid!" roared Sprigg.—"What are you afraid of?" asked Pilcher. "I'm afraid of the elephant," said Sprigg. Of course the roar was tremendous.—*Cin. Chronicle.*

☞"Hellow, Capin, when was you elected," inquired a wag the other day, of a fellow who was driving a pair of horses that looked as if they had been fed on hoops for the last six months.

"Elected to what?" inquired the fellow with the pair of Rosinantes

"Overseer of the poor," replied the wag.

"Ga lang, git up," and the official departed.

☞Some girls in kissing purse up their mouths as if they were about to perform on the flageolet. This is wrong. Kissing is a luxury that should be indulged in with "an appetite," and not nibbled at as if it were "a pizen"

☞An Irishman complained of his physician that he kept so stuffing him with drugs, that he was *sick* for a week after he was *quite well.*

Curiosity.—"Nothing ever stops a woman when her curiosity is once up, especially if she is curious to know something about herself. Only hold a secret in your hand to her, and it is like a bunch of catnip to a cat. She'll jump, and frisk, and frolic round like anything, and never give over purring and coaxing till she gets it."

Dosing a Traveller—A Hotel Scene.

BY H. ROSHBURT.

It was one of the extensive hostelries which are to be "tied up to" in most of the large towns in the interior of New York, that the following scene actually occurred, as can be proved by a cloud of witnesses who have heard the landlord *tell the story.*

The hotel referred to was, on the occasion of which we are speaking, rather full, and the nephew of the landlord lay sick in one of the rooms on the third floor. He was to receive medicine during the night from the hands of a person who had been procured to "watch" with him. The landlord had entrusted the aforesaid watch to administer a portion of some little physic to the patient at 12 o'clock; the dose to be repeated at certain hours of the night.

"He is rather techy," said the landlord, "and you had better keep out of his room until you go up to give him the medicine."

"Oh, for that matter," replied the watcher, who was a novice in the vocation, "I prefer to sit here;" and he eyed a sofa which was in the apartment, in a suspicious manner.

"Well," said the landlord, "you won't forget the number of his room?"

"No, sir."

"And tell him he must take his medicine without making such a confounded fuss as he made with the last dose. Tell him that I say he must take it—it's good for him."

"Yes, sir."

"Good night."

"Good night."

Boniface retired and the watcher deposited himself on the sofa from which he was roused by his own snoring at a quarter before one. In dismay and confusion he seized the potion and hurried up stairs.

The sick man was lodged in No. 52, but the nurse in haste mistook No. 53 for it, and entering the latter, he saw a person lying in the bed, face upward, with his mouth wide open, respiring with that peculiar gurgle in the throat which indicates strong lungs and a plethoric habit.

"Ah!" mentally exclaimed the astute watcher, "he makes a fuss about his medicine, does he? I'm blowed though, if he don't take one dose quietly—before he wakens up in fact!"

The idea of giving a potion of bitter physic to a somnolent patient was sufficiently ridiculous; but when we consider that the watcher had entered the wrong room and was about to administer it to the wrong man, the affair becomes still more ludicrous.

Our friend, the watcher, acted promptly, and having filled the bowl of a large spoon with the nauseating mixture, he forced it down the throat of the sleeping traveler, who happened to be a healthy Hibernian that had never tasted physic before in his life. The Irishman struggled and bit the spoon severely, but the watcher plunged it still deeper in his throat saying as he did so,

"Oh but you must take it—the landlord says you must!"

The nasty dose went down, but when Patrick recovered from his breath and began to pour forth his objurations in his own peculiar rhetoric, the watcher discovered that he had committed an egregious blunder, and seizing his light, fled from the room.

The astonished and enraged traveler sprang from his bed, and was soon heard rushing about in search of the landlord, swearing vengeance against him and all connected with his house. On he came, tearing through the passages, banging the doors, and roaring like a grizzly—bull.

"Oo-oo-oh! it's kilt I am, be dad, any how. Au-uh! I'm chawked with pison. Divil a bit of a *farum* in the wisthern country will I buy now—for I am a dead man! The pison is ating me up, jist. Och! it's enough to make a dog throw his father into the fire! Howly Saint Patrick! Landlord! landlord! land-l-o-o-o-r-r-r-d!"

Pat had by this time descended to the floor on which the landlord's apartment was situated, and the worthy host, hearing the hillabulloo, opened his door, and asked what was the matter.

"Ah! is it there ye are! Come out for a bating or let me come *till* ye! A —— poorty house yere kapin, to sind yere man into an honest traveller's room to pison the innocent divil in his shape! Fah! the bitter nasty pison!—come out here, and I'll lather ye like blazes!"

"What's the matter, my good friend?" inquired Boniface.

"Ow! the matter is!—whin I was waked from my swate slape, a big dirty blaggard stood forninst me rammin a big *bottle* down me throte full of pison—and, sez he, you must take it, the landlord sez so: An' now, what's the matter, sez you! An' that's one of yer thricks on thravelers! Come out here an' I'll bate ye. Be the blood of the howly marthers, I'll break every bone in yer ugly body! I'll tache ye to pison a dacent thraveller, that's goin' to buy land in the wisthern country!"

The Irishman here became entangled in the meshes of a wooden settee which stood in his way, and, at the same time, the landlord's wife seized her worthy lord—although a host in herself, she was not willing to risk him in a rough and tumble fight in the dark—and having plucked him back into her sleeping apartment, she closed the door and bolted it securely

The prospective purchaser of "wisthern lands," having extricated his legs and arms from those of the settee, still thirsted for the landlord's blood.

"Bring me *till* the murtherin cuild villyan; let me come at him!"

At this juncture, however, Mick, the hostler, made his appearance with a lantern, which he held up to the physic-smeared face of the enraged traveller with a polite request that he would hould his tongue.—But Mick was at last compelled to give his fellow countryman a good beating, which had the effect to restore him to a good humor, and when he found that he was not poisoned after all, he retired once more to his bed to dream of his "*farum*" which he was going to buy in the "wisthern country."—*Boston Daily Times.*

Domestic Happiness.—Six things, says Hamilton, are requisite to create a "happy home." Integrity must be the architect, and tidiness the upholsterer. It must be warmed by affection, and lighted up with cheerfulness; and industry must be the ventilator, renewing the atmosphere and bringing in fresh salubrity day by day; while over all, as a protecting canopy and glory, nothing will suffice except the blessing of God.

The Cholera.—A gentleman of *professional honor*, in order to prove that he could procure brandy of a strictly temperance landlady, at a fashionable resort, the last season, assumed the symptoms of cholera, and with expressive sighs and groans called to her for *brandy!* "Brandy! she exclaimed, "I have none!" "What none for puddings and pies?" exclaimed the honorable sufferer. "None" replied the heroine; "my puddings and pies never have the *cholera.*"

☞Dr. March says the best cure for hysterics is to discharge the servant girl.—In his opinion there is nothing like "flying around" to keep the nervous system from becoming unstrung. Some women think they want a physician, he says, when they only need a scrubbing brush."

☞A Dutchman says the New Yorkers are a "queer beeble; dey go about der streets all de day, sheeting each oder, and dey calls dat pisness.

☞There are two things modest men should never undertake—to borrow money or study law.

☞Why is German 'silver' improperly so named? Because it is nothing more than the white copper long known in China and does not contain a particle of silver.

☞"My dear sir," said a doctor to his patient, "I am truly gratified to see you alive. At my last visit yesterday, you know I told you that you had but six hours to live." "Yes, doctor, you did, but I did not take that dose you left for me."

☞"Upon your oath, sir," said a lawyer fiercely, "will you swear this is not your handwriting?" "I will," said the witness coolly, "for I can't write."

☞A gentleman employed an Irishman to trim a number of fruit trees. He went out in the morning, and on returning at noon was asked whether he had completed his work. No, was his reply, *but he hid cut them all down, and was going to trim them in the afternoon.*

New Mexico.—Some facts developed by the census seem to show New Mexico to be one of the healthiest countries of the globe. Out of a population of 61,932, no less than 40 persons are over 100 years of age, 60 are over 90 years, and 310 are over 80 years of age. In Valencia county, Candelaio Aguilar, a farmer, was 130 years old—when the census was taken; Jose Ortado was 110: Rosa Billejos, 110: Rosa Montallo, 106; Maria J. Pascheco, 103. The males attain a greater age than the females, for of the 314 over 80, 117 are males and 107 females.

Public Schools of New Jersey.—The State of New Jersey, during the past year, has appropriated $250,859,51 for the support of its public schools, which have afforded facilities for education, during the same period, to 88,810 children. The State is divided into 1,612 school districts; the average number of months in which the schools have been kept open is nine. The whole number of children in the State, from five to eighteen years of age, is 145,529.

☞An old gentleman, by the name of Barton, recently died at Milford, Pike county, Pa., who was born in New Jersey in 1762, and had never renounced his allegiance to the British Government. At the time of the Revolution he held a Lieutenant's commission. He died a subject and a pensioner of the Queen.

☞The oldest trees in the world are in Central Africa—the Boabahs, which are 90 feet in circumference, and contain the annual rings which mark the growth of the trees to the number of 5,000, fixing their age at that length of years.

☞The city of St. Louis is fast assuming a commanding position among the cities in the great Mississippi valley. An authentic statement, drawn up by a Committee of the Chamber of Commerce, estimates the trade of St. Louis, at the present time, to foot up $60,000,000 per annum. The amount of exchange sold is set down at $30,000,000 a year.

French Speculation in American Coin.—The Philadelphia Inquirer has been assured by a gentleman who has recently returned from Europe, that large quantities of American coin are imported into France from the United States; and that by a peculiar process, a considerable portion of gold is extracted, while the value of the silver is not impaired. Indeed, it is said that quite an extensive business is carried on in this way. The process is a peculiar one, and known only to a few scientific men in France

FAHNESTOCK'S STORE STILL AHEAD!

S. FAHNESTOCK & SONS would respectfully inform their friends and the public that having greatly enlarged their Store and increased their Stock of Goods, with additional facilities for purchasing, they are now prepared to offer extraordinary inducements to purchasers.

Having just returned from New York, Philadelphia and Baltimore, with the largest, cheapest, and best selected stock of Goods ever offered to the public, they invite their friends to give them a call. It embraces

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES,
QUEENSWARE, HARDWARE,
Saddlery, Oil and Paints, Dye Stuffs,
CEDAR WARE, &c.

The Ladies are particularly invited to call and examine their handsome assortment of *Dress Goods, Shawls, Bonnet Silks, Velvets and Ribbons, as also an exceeding large assortment of Fancy Goods, &c.*

For Gentlemen's wear they can show the largest and cheapest assortment of *Black and Fancy Cloths and Cassimeres, Cassinetts, Kentucky Jeans, Cords, Vestings & Overcoatings, ever before offered.*

DOMESTICS of every description; and very cheap

GROCERIES,

always to be had at the lowest market prices.

They are also prepared, with the largest stock of

HARDWARE

in the County, to offer inducements to purchasers, and particularly Builders, who can be furnished with all their necessary materials, a little lower than they can be purchased elsewhere.

Their stock of Saddlery, Shoe Findings, Oils and Paints, Glass, Nails, and Coach Trimmings, is complete.

Dye Stuffs and Cedar Ware at the lowest rates.

☞All they ask is to give them a call, and judge for yourselves, for it is no trouble to show Goods; hoping by their attention to business to merit as heretofore their usual share of public patronage.

Oct. 6. tf

COME ONE! COME ALL!

Newer, Cheaper, and More of Them.

BOOTS & SHOES, HATS & CAPS.

KELLER KURTZ

HAS the pleasure of again announcing to his numerous customers, that he has just received his first FALL STOCK, and asks of them a call, where will be found a great variety and of superior quality Men's Thick Boots, Kip and Calf do., Boys' do., Youths' do., Men's Brogans, extra, Men's Kip and Calf Shoes, Women's Calf, Kip and Goatskin Boots and Shoes, Misses and Children's do., Ladies' Slippers, Full and Half Gaiters, Buskins, Ties and Jenny Lind Shoes, Misses and Children's Shoes, a large assortment to select from. His assortment of HATS & CAPS can't be beat in this market, and will be found on examination to consist of every style, shape and size, that the eastern markets afford.

☞Remember, when in want of BARGAINS, to call at KELLER KURTZ'S, South east Corner of Centre Square.

Sept. 1.

WE HAVE THE GOODS NOW,

AND NO MISTAKE!

WM. W. PAXTON has just returned from the city with by far the largest assortment of BOOTS, SHOES, HATS & CAPS, he has ever had on hand, embracing every variety of style, material, workmanship, &c., to suit Ladies, Gentlemen, Boys and Girls, and children of every age.

LADIES' GAITERS,
" JENNY LINDS,
" BUSKINS, &c.,
GENTLEMENS' KIP,
" CALF,
" MOROCCO,
" MONROES,
" BOOTS, &c.
} All of Home Manufacture, and warranted to wear.

He has among his assortment the fine Fall style of Moleskin Hat, a beautiful article of Philadelphia make; also, the new style Black Soft Hats, just coming into fashion: Slouch Hats, of every variety of color, &c., also, every variety of cloth, silk, and Linen Caps, of the newest style and best make; all of which he will sell very low for ready pay.

He has made arrangements to manufacture any article called for that he has not on hand.

☞Call and examine the goods.

W. W. PAXTON.

Nov. 3. tf

KEEP WARM.

A DESIRABLE assortment of OVERCOATINGS, such as brown, drab and grey Beaver Cloths, Petersham Cloth, &c., cheap and good, can be found at

SKELLY & HOLLEBAUGH'S.

LADIES' SHOES.

THE attention of the Ladies is particularly directed to the large and splendid Stock of Slippers, Buskins, Jenny Lind Shoes—of all qualities and exceedingly low at

May 12. FAHNESTOCKS'.

NEW FANCY GOODS,

CONSISTING of Breast Pins, Ladies' and Gents' Ear Rings, Finger Rings, Chains, Lockets, Card Cases, Gold and Steel Pens, Gold Pencils, Cuff Pins, Medallions, Gold and Plated, Guard Hooks, Combs, Cloth, Hair, Tooth and Nail Brushes, Soaps of every description, Hair Oils, Tooth Powders, Pearl Powder, Lilly White, Cologne Water, Extracts for the Handkerchief, and a thousand and one other articles in the Notion line, all to be had at KELLER KURTZ'S STORE.

Sept. 1. South-east Cor. Centre Square.

LOOK OUT! PAY UP!!

THE subscriber hereby gives notice, that he has placed his Notes, Book Accounts, &c. for debts contracted *prior to January 1st, 1849*, in the hands of ALEXANDER R. STEVENSON, Esq. in Gettysburg—at whose office all persons indebted are requested to call and make payment. The large amount outstanding forbids further indulgence. ALL CLAIMS MUST BE CLOSED.

SAMUEL FAHNESTOCK.

Dec 15. tf

LAST NOTICE.

THE subscriber hereby gives notice to those who have promised him WOOD on account, that he is in want of it, and that unless it is delivered forthwith without further notice the Accounts will be placed in the hands of an officer for collection, and the money required.

T. WARREN.

Jan. 5

Money and Wood Wanted.

THE subscriber earnestly requests those indebted to him on accounts of long standing to call and pay him, and those persons who have contracted to deliver WOOD, are notified to bring it in as speedily as possible. ☞Now is the time to prepare for Winter.

WM. W. PAXTON.

Nov. 3. tf

Something for the Gentlemen!

SKELLY & HOLLEBAUGH have just received a lot of *Six Warp Cassimeres*, for Gentlemen's wear. A [illegible] article and cheap.

May 26.

THE JEW has received the largest and cheapest assortment of Silks, *Mous. de Laines, Poplins, Alpacas, Prints, &c.* ever offered before in this place. Also, the largest assortment of Shawls ever offered. Give him a call—he can't be beat.

GENTLEMEN [illegible] SUNDAY [illegible] SAMSON'S [illegible] ing at

---

NEW GOODS—NEW GOODS.

FIRST OF THE SEASON!

☞*The Cheap Corner always ahead with New and Fashionable Goods!*

THE CAMPAIGN HAS ALREADY OPENED—KEEP THE BALL ROLLING!

DE LAINES—DE LAINES.—Just received the largest lot of M. de Laines ever offered in this place—which will be sold at prices that will "astonish the natives."

1 case, fast colored, at	12½ cents	
1 "	18¾ "	
1 "	22 "	

☞Also, the largest lot of *SHAWLS* ever brought to town, which will be sold at prices that cannot be beat any where in the County.

N. B. We will not weary your patience by calling attention to a great display of articles and promises, but merely add—Money that is really saved in making purchases, is much better than all we read of. Therefore call and secure BARGAINS, as our stock consists of nearly all the articles kept in the

Dry Goods and Groceries Line.

☞*Don't forget the place.*

KURTZ'S CHEAP CORNER.

Sept. 29. tf

SOMETHING NEW!

MERCHANT TAILORING

ESTABLISHMENT.

SKELLY & HOLLEBAUGH,

MERCHANT TAILORS,

RESPECTFULLY inform their friends and the public generally, that they have just returned from the City, and are now opening at their establishment in SOUTH BALTIMORE STREET, near the Diamond (old stand of J. H. SKELLY,) the most choice selection of

CLOTHS,

ever offered in this place, embracing French Black, Blue, Blue-black, Green, Olive and Brown. Also French, Doe skin and Fancy

CASSIMERES,

Kentucky Jeans, Cotton Jeans, Tweeds, Cashmeretts, Linen for Coats and Pantaloons, &c., whilst their assortment of

FANCY VESTINGS,

is decidedly of the richest kind. Their TRIMMINGS embrace every thing that may be required, such as plain and fancy Buttons, Alpacas, Silk Serge, plain Silk, Muslin, &c. They are also getting up a full assortment of

READY-MADE CLOTHING.

☞All the above will be disposed of at *the lowest living rates*, for Cash or Country Produce—to prove which they only ask a call.

☞They are also prepared to make Garments at the shortest notice, and in the best manner—When required, they will *turn out an entire suit in twenty four hours!*

J. H. SKELLY returns his sincere thanks for the patronage heretofore bestowed upon him, and asks its continuance for the new Firm. Goods bought elsewhere will be made up, as usual; and, when desired, he will assist customers in making selections at other stores as heretofore.

☞Spring and Summer Fashions for 1851 just received from New York.

Gettysburg, April 28 tf

NEW GOODS.

George Arnold

HAS just returned from Philadelphia and Baltimore, and is now opening at the Old Stand, as beautiful and well selected a

STOCK OF GOODS,

as has been offered to the public at any time, among which is a large lot of very cheap

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, CASSINETS,

Velvet Cords, Beverteens, Kentucky Jeans, Tweeds, Overcoat Cloths, Alpaccas, plain and figured, of every variety, Merinoes, Cashmeres, Coburg Cloth, M. de Laines, Silks, Calicoes, Ginghams,

Long and Square Shawls, of every variety,

very cheap, Flannels, Blankets, Domestics, Gloves, Hosiery, Bonnet Ribbons, Trimmings, &c., &c., with a large lot of

Fresh Groceries & Queensware,

together with almost every article in the trade—all of which will be sold cheap for Cash or Produce.

☞We do not boast; but we wish our friends especially to understand that we will not be undersold in any article, by any establishment in this place or elsewhere. We buy for Cash, and cannot be beat.

Oct. 6. tf

P. S. A few STOVES on hand, which will be sold very cheap.

☞OLD DEBTS thankfully received.

JUST FROM THE CITY.

Skelly & Hollebaugh,

HAVE just received from the city, and are now opening, at their establishment, in Baltimore street, the best assortment of CLOTHS, Cassimeres, Cassinets, Kentucky Jeans and Tweeds ever brought to this place. Also Vestings in great variety, combining plain and fancy Satin, fancy Silk, fancy Merinoes &c., that can't be beat. The above articles will be found to be as cheap as they are good, and demand the attention of all who desire to purchase advantageously.

Oct. 20.

WHAT IS TREASON?

THIS is the question now-a-days which has swallowed up all others, even "Will saltpetre explode?" "Who threw that last brick?" and "Who struck Billy Patterson?" It is a hard question to answer, but there is no question whatever, that the largest and best selected stock of BONNET RIBBONS in the County is to be found at KURTZ'S CHEAP CORNER.

Oct. 13. tf

RICH COPPER MINE.

ANOTHER ARRIVAL.

THOSE desirous of obtaining a rich vein of Ore, will do well to call at FAHNESTOCKS' STORE, and purchase some of their cheap DRY GOODS, &c., just received direct from New York, Philadelphia and Baltimore. This is their third arrival for the Spring, and are determined to sell a little lower than can be purchased elsewhere.

STACKS

of new **Cloths, Cassimeres, Satins,** and Satinets at the JEW'S CHEAP CORNER. Coats, Pants and Vests, sold every day so low, that for fear the crowd of eager customers, already so great, might swell beyond control, he must forbear naming the price.

Now for Music.

FRENCH and German ACCORDEONS, a fine assortment. Also a variety of new MUSIC now opening at the Bookstore of KELLER KURTZ.

Sept. 3.

GOTHIC CLOCKS, PISTOLS, and a large variety of JEWELRY, on hand at [illegible] SAMSON'S.

BONNETS—Jenny Lind, China Pearl, Hair and Lace [illegible] latest fashions [illegible] styles, with Misses Lace [illegible] Gimps, at

April 14 A. B. KURTZ'S

GENTLEMEN [illegible] want Fancy Colored [illegible] Cloths, Cassimeres, and Tweeds for Coats, Men's Drab and Black Doe Skin Pants, Silk, Satin, and Marseilles for vesting, can find a good assortment, at very low prices, at the well known stand of A. B. KURTZ.

FOR SALE CHEAP. A [illegible]

NEW HARDWARE STORE.

THE Subscribers would respectfully announce to their friends and the public, that they have opened a NEW HARDWARE STORE in Baltimore street, adjoining the residence of DAVID ZIEGLER, Gettysburg, in which they are opening a large and general assortment of

Hardware, Iron, Steel,
GROCERIES,
CUTLERY, COACH TRIMMINGS,
Springs, Axles, Saddlery,
CEDAR WARE, SHOE FINDINGS,
Paints, Oils, & Dye-Stuffs,

in general, including every description of articles in the above line of business—to which they invite the attention of Coach-makers, blacksmiths, Carpenters, Cabinet-makers, Shoemakers, Saddlers, and the public generally.

Our Stock having been selected with great care, and purchased for Cash, we guarantee (for the ready money,) to dispose of any part of it on as reasonable terms as they can be purchased any where.

☞We particularly request a call from our friends, and earnestly solicit a share of public favor, as we are determined to establish a character for selling Goods at low prices, and doing business on fair principles.

JOEL B. DANNER,
DAVID ZIEGLER.

Gettysburg, June 9. tf

THE PHILISTINES ARE BEATEN, AND

SAMSON'S AHEAD AGAIN!

TAKE notice that SAMSON'S new stock of fresh purchases are just arriving, and whoever will, may step in, and be rigged from head to toe, in a neat and complete full suit, at prices *that defy all competition!* HE CAN'T BE BEAT!! He buys for Cash, and knows just when, where, how and what to buy. He can please customers of all ages and classes. He can fit them all to their satisfaction.

Attention, then, is directed to his present stock which he is now forwarding, consisting of COATS, PANTS and VESTS of Superfine Cloths, Black, Blue, &c. Dress, Frock and Sack Coats, Roundabouts, PANTALOONS of all qualities, colors, prices and sizes.

Clothing of SUMMER CLOTHS, TWEEDS, LINEN, and other goods—every thing needed for Summer wear. Call and allow us to show a suit, and we are certain to sell.

The old adage says "it's not all gold that glitters," but SAMSON can show an assortment of JEWELRY, that will enable him to supply all demands in that line; along side of which you find MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS, Accordeons, Violins and Guitars; and a few CLOCKS of the same good lot he always kept.

He has various articles of LINEN GOODS, such as Shirts, Bosoms and Collars. Also Handkerchiefs, Suspenders, Socks, Pen knives and Pistols, and a most excellent article of Razors.

To protect your horses as well as yourselves, he has the largest assortment of FLY NETS ever offered in these parts. All sorts, sizes, colors, shades and shapes, of good materials and low-priced.

The public generally are invited to call and test the truth of these promises. We have all these things, with many other articles too numerous to specify. Many a "notion" you can find at SAMSON'S, that you can't get elsewhere.

We ask a chance to *show* our goods. We offer them for the public accommodation, as their humble servant. We ask but *one price*, and that put low to suit the times.

☞*SAMSON'S One Price Clothing and Notion Store is just opposite the Bank.*

Gettysburg, June 30. tf

MORE NEW GOODS.

GEO. ARNOLD

HAS just received from Philadelphia an additional supply of those cheap

Long Shawls, Cloths, Cassinetts, Jeanes, Poplins, Alpacca Lustres, Flannels, Domestics, Fresh Groceries, &c.

all of which will be sold at very reduced prices. Please call.

N. B. I would inform my customers and the public generally, that I will remove my Store to *SELLS' CORNER* in the spring, where I will be pleased to see all who will favor me with a call. GEO. ARNOLD.

Dec 1. tf



Dr. Marchisi's Universal Catholicon.

THE undersigned, having been duly appointed Agent for the sale of this truly Invaluable Medicine, would respectfully invite the attention of Ladies and Practitioners of Gettysburg and vicinity, to the gratifying success that has attended its use wherever introduced, and its happy adaptation to the cure of all the distressing diseases for which it is offered; being those incidental to the respectable female, whether married or single, and usually known by the name of

FEMALE COMPLAINTS,

&c., with all their accompanying evils, (Cancer excepted) no matter how severe, or of how long standing.

That this CATHOLICON is in every way worthy [illegible] is vouched for by the fact of its having received the approbation [illegible] patronage of many prominent members of the

MEDICAL FACULTY

in the United States, as also by the voluntary testimonials given in the pamphlets from Ladies and Physicians of the highest respectability, as certified by the most satisfactory authority.

This preparation is not a "cure all," but is intended expressly for the above named complaints, so very distressing in their nature and consequences, [illegible] the most [illegible] Physicians of all countries, to a degree beyond that of perhaps any other malady to which the human family is heir.

THE INGREDIENTS, as certified by high medical authority, (see pamphlets,) are all VEGETABLE, and are not associated with any article unfriendly to the human economy.

☞Pamphlets can be had gratis at my Drug Store.

SAMUEL S. FORNEY, Agent.
Druggist, Gettysburg.

REFERENCES.

P. B. Peckham, M. D., Utica, N. Y.
L. D. Fleming, M. D., New Bedford, Mass.
D. Y. Foote, M. D., Syracuse, N. Y.
M. H. Mills, M. D., Rochester, N. Y.
W. W. Reese, M. D., City of New York.
[illegible] Orrick, M. D., Baltimore, Md.
W. Prescott, M. D., Concord, N. H.

Jan 12. 6m

Shoes! Shoes! Shoes!

JUST received a large lot of LADIES' MOROCCO & KID SHOES, GAITERS, Slippers, &c., Misses do. do., also, Gentlemen's do. do., at KURTZ'S CHEAP CORNER.

April 14 tf

CLOTHS, Summer Cassimeres, Satinetts, Vestings, &c., for sale at KURTZ'S.

CARPETING, and Floor Oil Cloth can be had very low at A. B. KURTZ.

New York Importers & Jobbers,

FREEMAN, HODGES & CO.,

58 Liberty street, between Broadway and Nassau street, near the Postoffice, New York.

WE are receiving, by daily arrivals from Europe, our Fall and Winter assortment of rich fashionable

Fancy Silk and Millinery Goods.

We respectfully invite all Cash Purchasers thoroughly to examine our stock and prices, and, as INTEREST GOVERNS, we feel confident our goods and prices will induce them to select from our establishment. Particular attention is devoted to Millinery Goods, and many of the articles are manufactured expressly to our order, and cannot be surpassed in beauty, style and cheapness.

Beautiful Paris Ribbons, for Hat, Cap, Neck and Belt.

Satin and Taffeta Ribbons, of all widths and colors.

Silks, Satins, Velvets, and Uncut Velvets, for Hats.

Feathers, American and French Artificial Flowers.

Puffings, and Cap Trimmings.

Dress Trimmings, large assortment.

Embroideries, Capes, Collars, Under-sleeves and Cuffs.

Fine Embroidered Reviere and Hem-stitch Cambric Handkerchiefs.

Crapes, Lisses, Tarletons, Illusion and Cap Laces.

Valenciennes, Brussels, Thread, Silk, and Lisle Thread Laces.

Kid, Silk, Sewing Silk, Lisle Thread, Merino Gloves and Mits.

Figured and Plain Swiss, Book, Bishop Lawn and Jaconet Muslins.

English, French, American, and Italian

STRAW GOODS.

Aug. 25. t

THE

GREAT BRITISH QUARTERLIES AND BLACKWOOD'S MAGAZINE.

Important Reduction in the rates of Postage!

PREMIUMS TO NEW SUBSCRIBERS!!

LEONARD SCOTT & CO.,

No. 54, Gold street New York.

CONTINUE to publish the following British Periodicals, viz:

The London Quarterly Review (Conserv.)
The Edinburg Review (Whig.)
The North British Review (Free Church.)
The Westminster Review (Liberal.)
AND
Blackwood's Edinburg Magazine (Tory.)

Although these works are distinguished by the political shades above indicated, yet but a small portion of their contents is devoted to political subjects. It is their *literary* character which gives them their chief value, and in that they stand confessedly far above all other journals of their class. *Blackwood*, still under the masterly guidance of Christopher North, maintains its ancient celebrity, and is, at this time, unusually attractive, from the serial works of Bulwer and other literary notables, written for that magazine, and first appearing in its columns both in Great Britain and in the United States. Such works as "The Caxtons" and "My Novel" (both by Bulwer,) "My Peninsular Medal," "The Green Hand" and other serials, of which numerous rival editions are issued by the leading publishers in this country, has to be reprinted by those publishers from the pages of Blackwood, after it has been issued by Messrs. Scott & Co., so that Subscribers to the Reprint of that Magazine may always rely on having the earliest reading of these fascinating tales.

These Reprints have now been in successful operation in this country for *twenty years*, and their circulation is constantly on the increase notwithstanding the competition they encounter from American periodicals of a similar class and from numerous *Eclectics* and Magazines made up of selections from foreign periodicals. This fact shows clearly the high estimation in which they are held by the intelligent reading public, and affords a guarantee that they are established on a firm basis, and will be continued without interruption.

TERMS AND PREMIUMS.

(See list of Premium Volumes below.)

			Per an.
Any 1 of the 4 Reviews and	1	Prem. Vol.	$3 00
Any 2 "	2	"	5 00
Any 3 "	2	"	7 00
All 4 of the Reviews	2	"	8 00
Blackwood's Magazine	1	"	3 00
Blackwood & 3 Reviews	3	"	9 00
Blackwood & the 4 Reviews	3	"	10 00

(Payments to be made in all cases in advance)

The Premiums consist of the following works, back volumes of which will be given to subscribers according to the number of periodicals ordered, as above explained:—

PREMIUM VOLUMES.

Foreign Quarterly Review (one year.)
Blackwood's Magazine (six months.)
London Quarterly Review (one year)
Bentley's Miscellany (six months)
Edinburgh Review (one year)
Metropolitan Magazine (six months)
Westminster Review (one year)

Consecutive Premium volumes cannot in all cases be furnished, except of the Foreign Quarterly Review. To prevent disappointment, therefore, where that work is not always wanted, Subscribers will please order as many different works for premiums as there are volumes to which they may be entitled.

CLUBBING.

A discount of twenty five per cent. from the above prices will be allowed to Clubs ordering four or more copies of any one or more of the above works. Thus: Four copies of Blackwood or of one Review will be sent to one address for $9; four copies of the four Reviews and Blackwood for $30; and so on.

No premiums will be given where the above allowance is made to Clubs, nor will premiums in any case be furnished, unless the subscription money is paid in full to the Publishers without recourse to an agent. Money current in the State where issued will be received at par.

REDUCED POSTAGE.

The postage on these Periodicals, has, by the late law, been reduced, on the average, about forty-five per cent. The following are the present rates, viz:

FOR BLACKWOOD'S MAGAZINE.

Any distance not over 500 miles, 9 cts. per quarter.
Over 500 and not over 1500 " 18 " "
Over 1500 and not over 2500 " 24 " "

FOR A REVIEW.

Any distance not over 500 miles, 4 cts per quarter.
Over 500 and not over 1500 " 8 " "
Over 1500 and not over 2500 " 12 " "

At these rates no objection should be made, as heretofore, to receiving the works by mail, and thus ensuring their speedy, safe, and regular delivery.

☞Remittances and communications should be always addressed, post-paid or franked, to the Publishers,

LEONARD SCOTT & CO.,
79 Fulton Street, New York,
Entrance 54 Gold street.

N. B.—L. S. & Co. have recently published, and have now for sale, the "FARMER'S GUIDE," by Henry Stephens of Edinburgh, and Prof. Norton of Yale College, New Haven, complete in 2 vols., royal octavo, containing 1600 pages, 14 steel and 600 wood engravings. Price in muslin binding, $6; in paper covers, for the mail, $5.

Dec. 22.

BUFF CASSIMER.

THE attention of Gentlemen is invited to a very superior article of *Buff Cassimer*, at the Establishment of SKELLY & HOLLEBAUGH, Merchant Tailors, Gettysburg, where may be found *Fancy Cassimers*, in every variety and quality.

THE STATE DEBT.

THE Taxes are large—but, Taxpayers, there is one consolation—you can now buy from the JEW all kinds of

Dry Goods and Groceries,

at a mere nominal price and, to some extent, at least relieve yourselves of the enormous burdens imposed upon you. Give him a call.

RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES OF ADAMS COUNTY FOR 1851.

Commissioners' Office, Adams County, Pennsylvania.

AGREEABLY to an Act of Assembly, entitled "An Act to raise County Rates and Levies," requiring the Commissioners of the respective Counties to publish a Statement of the RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES yearly—We, the Commissioners of Taxes for said County, do REPORT as follows, to wit:—*From the seventh day of January, A. D. 1851, to the sixth day of January, A. D. 1852*—both days included:—

SAMUEL FAHNESTOCK, Esq. Treasurer, and the COMMISSIONERS, in account with the County of Adams, as follows, to wit:

DR.

		DOLLS. CTS.
To Outstanding County Tax & Quit Rents in hands of Collectors,		3,090 55
County Rates and Levies Assessed for 1851, *viz.:*		
Borough of Gettysburg,	1,018 66	
Do. Quit Rents,	177 50	
Cumberland Township,	896 36	
Germany "	605 64	
Oxford "	835 16	
Huntington "	887 45	
Latimore "	549 35	
Hamiltonban "	981 81	
Liberty "	491 01	
Hamilton "	740 72	
Meuallen "	625 84	
Straban "	872 79	
Franklin "	897 50	
Conowago "	740 15	
Tyrone "	480 36	
Mount Joy "	602 65	
Mount Pleasant "	949 67	
Reading "	860 46	
Berwick "	387 25	
Freedom "	317 96	
Union "	754 47	
Butler "	602 61	
		15,275 37
Cash received upon sundry Loans,		5,750 00
Fine received from Henry Chronister,		50 00
Abatement on State Tax, Harrisburg,		673 68
Received from Sheriff, for Jury Fees,		24 00
Additional Tax,		9 20
Costs for Inquisition,		17 04
Errors and Taxes refunded, 1850,		96 82
" " " 1851,		27 04
		$25,913 70

☞*The Outstanding County Tax and Quit Rents appear to be in the hands of the following Collectors, viz.:*

YEARS.	COLLECTORS.	TOWNSHIPS.	
1848.	John G. Frey,	Borough of Gettysburg,	52 36
1849.	Jacob Adams,	Conowago,	73 86
1850.	Leonard McElwee,	Huntington,	101 99
"	Samuel Studebecker,	Tyrone,	56 73
1851.	Samuel Weaver,	Borough of Gettysburg,	268 66
"	Joseph Barker,	Germany,	105 64
"	David Schriver,	Cumberland,	103 09
"	Joseph J. Smith,	Oxford,	146 16
"	Joseph Trimmer,	Huntington,	117 45
"	Aaron Cox,*	Latimore,	64 35
"	Martin Getz,†	Hamilton,	100 72
"	Philip Donohue,†	Straban,	111 52
"	Hugh Garrett,	Tyrone,	68 36
"	Andrew Smith,†	Mountpleasant,	114 67
"	John Felty,*	Berwick,	62 25
"	Joshua Brown,	Freedom,	20 27
"	Henry Slaybaugh,	Butler,	86 61
			$1,654 69

*Since paid in full. †Since paid in part.

CR.

By Orders paid out as follows, to wit:

	DOLLS. CTS.
Auditing and Settling Public Accounts,	42 00
S. H. Neely, Auditor appointed by the Court to audit Public Offices,	25 81
Sheriff's Bills of Court Costs,	303 06
Clerk's pay,	200 00
Treasurer of Poor-house,	4,300 00
Fox and Wild Cat Scalps,	12 98
Abatement to Collectors of 5 per cent.,	1,039 68
Assessors' pay,	507 50
Coroner and Justice fees for Inquisitions,	96 23
Wood for Public Buildings,	137 74
Rent for House for Sheriff Fickes,	43 08
Public Printing and Blanks,	317 37
Grand Jury and Tip Staves pay, 1851,	328 88
General Jury and Tip Staves pay, 1851,	1,000 88
Certificates of Constables' Returns,	99 87
Medical attendance on Prisoners,	2 50
Jailor's Fees for keeping Prisoners,	246 76
Road damages and Damage Views,	1,180 59
Notes and Interest paid,	5,481 82
Court Cryer's pay,	70 00
Binding Books,	1 12
Repairs at Prison and Public Buildings,	209 12
Justice and Constable fees for committing Vagrants,	12 57
Officers' pay, General Election,	481 11
Officers' pay, Spring Election,	310 60
For compiling a new Judgment Docket from old Dockets and papers, by order of Court, according to the Act of Assembly of March 27th, 1827—showing all Liens since June 1st, 1846—Revivals—Fi. Fas.—Sheriff's Returns—Computation of Interest—how many satisfied, assigned, &c. &c.	198 50
Clerk of Quarter Sessions, for New Indexes prepared to old Dockets B. C. D., and Road Indexes to same, and binding several large Dockets in that office—under order of Court,	115 00
Register and Recorder, for transcribing mutilated Will and Deed Books—adding indexes—and comparing same—under order of Court,	300 00
For Indexing Judgment Dockets from 1844 to 1850 inclusive—also Appearance Docket S. entire—Binding and Repairing Dockets N O. and R.—by order of Court,	143 25
D. S. Stoner, Esq., Contract on Jail, in full,	835 00
" for Stable, "	400 00
" Bake Oven and Scullery, &c.,	68 50
" Outbuildings,	40 00
" Extra Work to Jail, required after Contract was fulfilled,	456 00
Counsel to Commissioners, annual Salary,	30 00
" for Services in Connection with Contracts, &c., for new Jail, and Arguments of Cases in Court,	40 00
Quit Rents paid Geo. Himes, up to 1st of Jan., 1851,	2 00
John G. Morningstar, Esq., Commissioner's pay,	202 50
John Musselman, Jr., Esq., "	202 50
Jacob Griest, Esq., "	196 50
William Fickes, late Sheriff, Summoning Jurors,	63 00
Repairs at Bridges,	332 11
Taxes refunded,	19 61
Postage and Stationery for Office,	81 00
J. S. Hildebrand & Co., Contract in full, Berlin Bridge,	650 00
Beds and Bedding, &c., for Prison,	120 40
Directors of Poor, pay,	60 00
Exonerations to Collectors,	254 97
Collectors' Fees,	904 95
Balance due Treasurer at last settlement,	950 50
Treasurer's Salary,	300 00
Outstanding Taxes and Quit Rents,	1,654 69
Balance in hands of Treasurer,	501 75
	$25,913 70

IN TESTIMONY that the foregoing Statement of RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES exhibited at the Office of the Treasurer of said County, is a correct and true copy, as taken from and compared with the originals remaining in the Books in this Office—We have hereunto set our hands, and affixed the seal of said Office, at Gettysburg, the sixth day of January, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-two.

JOHN MUSSELMAN, JR.
JACOB GRIEST,
A. REEVER,
} Comm'rs.

ATTEST:—J. AUGHINBAUGH, *Clerk.*

AUDITORS' REPORT.

To the Honorable the Judges of the Court of Common Pleas of Adams County, Pa.

WE, the undersigned, duly elected AUDITORS to settle and adjust the Public Accounts of the Treasurer and Commissioners of said County, and having been sworn or affirmed agreeably to law, REPORT the following to be a general statement of said Account, from the seventh day of January, A. D. 1851, to the sixth day of January, A. D. 1852—both days included:

Samuel Fahnestock, Esq. Treasurer, and Commissioners, in account with the County of Adams.

DR.

		DOLLS. CTS.
To Outstanding Tax for	1846,	14 85
Do.	1848,	52 36
Do.	1849,	345 28
Do.	1850,	3,400 56
Do. Q. R.	1850,	177 50
Amount of Tax assessed for	1851,	15,097 87
" Quit Rents	"	177 50
Cash received from sundry persons,		5,750 00
Fine received from Henry Chronister,		50 00
Abatement on State Quota,		673 68
Jury fees received from Sheriff Fickes,		24 00
Additional Taxes received,		9 20
Received costs for inquisition,		17 04
Errors and Taxes refunded,	1850,	96 82
Do. do.	1851,	27 04
		$25,913 70

CR.

			DOLLS. CTS.
By balance due Treasurer at last settlement,			950 50
Exonerations for	1846,		14 85
Do.	1849,		30 16
Do.	1850,		115 13
Do.	1851,		94 83
Fees	1849,		77 08
Do.	1850,		534 31
Do.	1851,		293 56
Outstanding Tax and Quit Rents for	1848,		52 36
Do. Tax		1849,	73 86
Do. Tax		1850,	158 72
Do. Tax		1851,	1,265 25
Do. Quit Rents		1851,	104 50
Disbursements on County Orders,			21,346 84
Treasurer's Salary,			300 00
Balance in hands of Treasurer,			501 75
			$25,913 70

WE, the undersigned, Auditors of the County of Adams, Pennsylvania, elected and sworn, in pursuance of law, do REPORT that we met, did audit, settle and adjust, according to law, the account of the Treasurer and Commissioners of said County, commencing on the seventh day of January, 1851, and ending on the sixth day of January, 1852—both days inclusive:—That said account, as settled above, and entered of Record in Settlement Book, in the Commissioners' Office of Adams County, is correct—and that we find a balance due to the County of Adams, by SAMUEL FAHNESTOCK, Esq. Treasurer of County, in Cash, *Five Hundred and One Dollars and Seventy-five Cents* ($501 75), and in Outstanding Tax, *One Thousand Six Hundred and Fifty-four Dollars and Sixty-nine Cents* ($1654 69).

JOHN ELDER,
F. G. HOFFMAN,
ANDREW MARSHALL, JR.
} *Auditors of the County of Adams.*

Boots and Shoes.

THE attention of Ladies and Gentlemen is invited to a further supply of Boots and Shoes of every variety, and at reduced prices—including GUM SHOES, of all sorts and sizes—just opening at the Cheap Store of KELLER KURTZ.

Dec 15.

BONNETS, Ribbons, Parasols, Fans, &c. just received and for sale cheap at S. FAHNESTOCK & SONS'.

May 12.

Ground Plaster.

ON hand and for sale at *Lower Grove Steam Mill* in Germany township.

RIBBONS, Collars, Laces and Edgings, Gloves, Hosiery, &c., suited to every taste, at KURTZ'S.

April 14.

LADIES' DRESS GOODS

ANOTHER Stock of Dress Silks, Poplins, Berage de Laines, Berages, and Mous. de Laines, handsome and cheap at FAHNESTOCKS'.

May 12.

QUEENSWARE and GROCERIES in every variety and cheap at FAHNESTOCKS'.

May 12

JUST received, a few more of those cheap Cloth Sack COATS. Also, some fine Cassimere PANTS, of every variety, at SAMSON'S.

March 18.

PORT MONNAIES & POCKET BOOKS,

FOR Ladies and Gents, at KELLER KURTZ'S, consisting of all the various patterns now manufactured. ☞Come and see.

Sept. 1.

THE JEW.

They who undertake to head off the JEW,
Will always find that they have something to do.

HE and his brothers have just imported the largest and most splendid assortment of

British, French & German Cloths

ever offered in this market. They have purchased for Cash at prices so incredibly low, as to enable the JEW, as usual, to offer better Bargains than any one engaged in his line of business. He who doubts it is invited to call and be convinced.

Oct 6

GROCERIES.—A fresh supply just received consisting in part of Rio and Java Coffee, Levering's and Stuart's fine, pulverized and crushed Sugars and Syrups, N. O. Molasses and Sugar, Tea, &c. A. B. KURTZ.

NewspaperARCHIVE.com

THE ADAMS SENTINEL AND GENERAL ADVERTISER.

From the National Intelligencer, Feb. 10.

Presentation of a Medal to Mr. Clay.

This very gratifying interview took place, by appointment, yesterday, at Mr. Clay's lodgings at the National Hotel. The Committee charged with this welcome duty were deputed from Mr. Clay's New York friends, political and personal, who had prepared this volunteer offering in token of their appreciation of the services rendered by the illustrious statesman to his country and mankind.

They were admitted to his chamber at three o'clock, and were received with that graceful urbanity for which Mr. Clay is so distinguished. After a short pause, during which the company privileged to be present on the occasion were invited to be seated, Mr. Daniel Ullmann, Chairman of the Committee, rose and delivered the following Address:

Citizens of New York to Henry Clay.

SIR: During the half century of your public life, your admiring countrymen and friends have accumulated around you many warm testimonials and enduring memorials of your great services to your country and mankind. To add to these another is the purpose for which we now come to you.

In the name and behalf of a large number of citizens of New York we offer you this gold medal, and beg your acceptance of it, to be preserved in your family and by their descendants we hope for ages.

It has been our effort to make it valuable as a work of art, (of an art but little practiced in our country,) and as a perfect resemblance of your lineaments. We think that this effort has been successful; that no medal ever struck in this country surpasses it in beauty, and that it is the best likeness of your features ever yet attempted by any art. In this, and in numerous casts from the same die, the form and expression of your countenance will be faithfully transmitted to distant posterity. And as "recorded honors shall thicken over" you, and "generations yet unborn do homage to your memory," this memorial will increase in value, and be fondly cherished, as are now the like images of Cicero and Brutus, not only by the antiquary and historian, but by all whom patriotism and eloquence can kindle to admiration.

All national medals hitherto struck in this country have been commemorative of the triumphs of American arms, but

"Peace hath her victories
No less renowned than war."

Then let the triumphs of peace have their memorial honors too. And let the first American victor of peace, thus commemorated, be the man who, for a whole age, has ranked as the first citizen of the Great Republic.

DANIEL ULLMAN,
CHAS. M. LEUPP,
JOS. M. PRICE,
A. G. PECKHAM,
SMITH J. EASTMAN,
Committee.

The manner of the delivery of this Address could not be exceeded in grace, emphasis, or appropriate feeling.

Mr. Clay received the address standing, with the deepest attention, and then proceeded to observe that, although it had been his habit, in addressing public bodies, larger or smaller, to speak extemporaneously, he had been induced, on this occasion, as well out of profound respect to the Committee, as in regard to his feeble state of health, to depart from his ordinary practice and reduce his reply to writing. He then read, in a firm though somewhat feeble voice, the following reply:

GENTLEMEN: This is among the most interesting and gratifying days of my life, although I have been confined to these rooms for a long time by a tedious and doubtful illness. You have come here, the representatives of a large and enlightened body of ardent and devoted friends of mine in the city of New York, to present to me a beautiful and costly gold medal, intended to commemorate my public life. On one face of it is engraved all the great public measures adopted in the National Councils in which I was supposed to have had any conspicuous agency, and on the other a remarkable and accurate likeness of me. The time and the place of presentation, and the friends who have contributed this splendid testimonial, give to it an inestimable value. The time is when I am about to retire forever from public life, and when I cannot expect much longer to linger here below; the place is the city of Washington, the principal theatre of those public services which have commended themselves to your approbation. Throughout my public life I have been blessed, everywhere in the United States, with more or fewer friends, to whom I am bound by the strongest sentiments of gratitude; but nowhere have they surpassed those in the city of New York in zeal, constancy, and fidelity, and in distinguished and various demonstrations of their affection and attachment. Whilst one is in the ardent pursuit of public life, and is held up for its highest honors, it is not practicable always to discriminate, among his supporters, between those who bestow their suffrages from pure, patriotic, and disinterested motives, and those who are actuated by selfish ends; but on this occasion no such difficulty exists. You have come, at much personal inconvenience, to the bed of a sick and afflicted friend, to present to him, in your names and in the name of a numerous body of his personal and political friends, whom you represent, a most precious token of your esteem and affectionate regard.—That friend has not now, and never will have, any public patronage to dispense.—The high and honorable and disinterested character of your motives cannot, therefore, be questioned.

Gentlemen, I request you to accept yourselves, and to communicate to my absent friends whom you represent, my cordial and heartfelt thanks, and my grateful and profound acknowledgments, for this rich tribute to the sentiments which they do me the honor to entertain towards me. I should have been most happy to have expressed my great obligations to all of them personally, if it had been in my power.

"I shall soon pass from the jurisdiction of my contemporaries, and of the present generation to that of History and posterity. If the one shall deem me worthy of any record on its pages, or tradition shall transmit any recollection of me to the [illegible]

It is not within my legitimate province to express any opinion on my own public career or public deeds. That office belongs to them, and I shall consider my [illegible] fame fortunate if it shall be regarded by them with a small portion of [illegible] which the partiality of [illegible] now contemplate.

I shall soon appear before a higher and more holy tribunal than any earthly one, which can unerringly judge of the motives as well as the acts of man. To that tribunal I look forward with composure and confidence that I shall be acquitted of having ever been prompted, in the discharge of my public duties, by any mean or sordid or selfish ends, or been animated by any other purpose than to promote the honor, the prosperity, and glory of our common country.

Medals are generally struck by the authority and paid for out of the public Treasury of Government, and most frequently are intended to reward and signalize the triumphs achieved in war. But that which you now so kindly tender to my acceptance is the spontaneous offering of private citizens, from their private purses, for public services exclusively in the civil department. I shall fondly and gratefully cherish and preserve it whilst life endures, and transmit it to my descendants under the hope that they will receive and carefully guard it, with emotions of lively gratitude to my New York friends, as the proudest and richest legacy that I could leave them.

During the delivery of this beautiful and appropriate reply the most perfect silence pervaded the chamber; every eye was fixed on the tall and commanding form so long known to the public; but respect and admiration were mingled with a tender regret on witnessing the evident struggle between the unimpaired vigor of the mind and the feebleness of its now emaciated and shaken tenement. Yet the eye still glittered with unsubdued lustre, and at times the tones of his voice rose into an emphasis which reminded one of ancient days.

The manuscript having been laid aside, Mr. Clay proceeded to a more minute examination of the Medal, at which he had, previous to replying, cursorily glanced. It is of pure California gold, massive and weighty, and is enclosed in a silver case, which opens with a hinge in the manner of a hunting watch. On the face of the medal is a fine head of Mr. Clay, most felicitous in the likeness, and conveying the characteristic impression of his features in a higher degree than any of the busts or medallions usually seen. The relief is very high, and must have required a pressure of immense power to give it faithfulness, sharpness, and delicacy of outline. The reverse exhibits the following inscriptions:

SENATE,
1806.
SPEAKER 1811.
WAR OF 1812 WITH GREAT BRITAIN.
GHENT 1814.
SPANISH AMERICA 1822.
MISSOURI COMPROMISE 1821.
AMERICAN SYSTEM 1824.
GREECE 1824.
SECRETARY OF STATE 1825.
PANAMA INSTRUCTIONS 1826.
TARIFF COMPROMISE
1833.
PUBLIC DOMAIN 1833—1841.
PEACE WITH FRANCE PRESERVED 1835.
COMPROMISE 1850.

The lines are supported on either hand by tasteful wreaths, in which the six chief American staples, wheat, corn, cotton, tobacco, rice and hemp, are very happily intertwined.

On the silver case is represented on one side a view of the Capitol, (with its contemplated additional wings fully displayed;) and on the other, in two distinct compartments, above, an elevation of the great commemorative Monument on the Cumberland road; below, a view of Ashland and its mansion.

Mr. Clay expressed [illegible] of the head, as giving his features with great truthfulness, but playfully remarked that he did not know before that his nose was quite so prominent; and then added, in allusion to the great intrinsic value of the medal from its material, "Who can tell but, fifty or a hundred years hence, some Goth may get hold of this and say [illegible] this old dead fellow will serve to buy a great many things that I want, and may carry it off? However, it is a capital likeness, I think. The artists, and Mr. [illegible] have not generally succeeded well in taking my features, but that has been in great measure my own fault; for my features [illegible] the same expression [illegible] especially when I am under any excitement; it changes every moment. John Randolph once paid me a high compliment, [illegible] tionally—for he seldom complimented any man—but, without intending it, he paid me what I [illegible] one of the highest compliments I ever received." He said that whenever a debate is coming on, if I can get a sight of Mr. Clay's face, I can always tell which side he is going to take.

This transition from the grave to the gay is characteristic of Mr. Clay. [illegible] who has seen him in his hours of [illegible] can fail to [illegible] be followed but [illegible]

[illegible] does the highest [illegible] talents and skill of the artist, [illegible] Mr. Wright [illegible] New York.

The President of the United States [illegible] of both Houses. There were present [illegible] Hon. James C. Jones, Hon. Mr. [illegible] Hon. Presley Ewing, Dr. H[illegible] Hon. James B. [illegible] the members of the New York Committee, viz: Daniel Ullman, Joseph M. Price, Charles M. Leupp, A. G. Peckham, [illegible] Eastman, [illegible] Stansbury.

Clay and Lafayette.—The Washington [illegible] in reference to the reception of Kossuth by the House of Representatives [illegible] By the way, [illegible] of Clay and Lafayette, which, perhaps, has got out long since. I got it from good authority. It appears that Mr. Clay wrote the answer himself, that Lafayette gave to Mr. Clay's beautiful speech on the occasion of Lafayette's reception by the House [illegible] Clay being asked [illegible] Lafayette's speech [illegible] Mr. Clay's was not [illegible]

☞ [illegible] Daniel Webster [illegible] at New York [illegible] 121 [illegible]

THE ADAMS SENTINEL.

GETTYSBURG:

Monday, February 16th, 1852.

WHIG COUNTY MEETING.

THE Whig Voters of the County of Adams are requested to assemble at the Court-house in Gettysburg, *on Tuesday the 2d day of March next,* at 1 o'clock, P. M., to select Delegates to represent them in a Whig State Convention, which will be held at Harrisburg on the 25th day of March next, for the nomination of a Canal Commissioner, an Electoral Ticket, and Delegates to the National Convention.

A. R. STEVENSON,
Chairman Whig County Committee.

Feb. 16.

Coroner.

Dr. CAUFMAN, of Petersburg, (Y. S.) who was, last fall, elected Coroner of Adams county, lifted his commission last week, and entered upon the duties of his office.

Mr. Stevens.

A rumor was current a week ago, that Mr. STEVENS was lying dangerously ill; but we are pleased to learn, from the Lancaster Whig of Tuesday last, that his health has considerably improved, that he was in Court the day previous, and would resume his duties at Washington in a few days.

☞ There is in circulation here a very large quantity of counterfeit $1 notes on the Lancaster Bank, and it would be well for our citizens to be on their guard, as some of them are not easily detected.

☞ Among those appointed Aids-de-camp to the Governor, with the rank of Lieutenant Col., we observe the name of FREDERICK A. SHOWER, of Philadelphia, formerly of Gettysburg.

More Specie Going.

The steamer Niagara sailed from New York for Liverpool on Wednesday last, with nearly *one million of dollars in specie!*—What is to be the end of all this?

☞ Two men were arrested in Philadelphia on Wednesday and identified as the two Polish refugees, against whom suspicion rested as the murderers of young Lehman, the pedler boy. They were living in a house near the Southwark Canal, and although they had paid a month's rent in advance, were in the act of moving away when arrested by the officers. Some of the jewelry known to have been in the possession of Lehman, was found in the cellar of the house, and one of the prisoners has been identified as pawning a ring the day after the murder, which is identified by the father of the murdered boy. The third man, named Kiser, is still at large. The two in custody are named Skupinsky.

"Man's Inhumanity to Man."

The Coroner of Philadelphia held an inquest on Monday night, upon the body of an unknown colored man, who had died from small pox by the road side. He was without shoes and very scantily clad, and had been wandering about for several days previous, [illegible] from the effects of fever, but the fear of contagion had prevented any of [illegible] from affording him any relief. Like the Leper of old, he was shut out from the sympathy or charity of his kind, and finally perished by the road side!

☞ A meeting of the friends of DANIEL WEBSTER to nominate him for the Presidency, will take place in the City of New York on the 24th of March. There will probably be a strong movement there, about the same time, in favor of Gen. Scott.

☞ The Rev. JOHN G. MORRIS, D. D. [illegible] the close of the twenty-fifth year of his ministry, by an appropriate [illegible] on Sunday the 1st inst. in the Lutheran Church, Lexington street, Baltimore, of which he is pastor.

☞ [illegible] sentenced to [illegible] imprisonment [illegible]

☞ [illegible] Mexican War.

☞ The passenger train from Pittsburg to [illegible] made the run from city to city on Thursday last, in [illegible]

☞ [illegible] Massachusetts, who were tried [illegible] for attempting to [illegible]

☞ [illegible] State Central Committee, through their President, Hon. Ner Middleswarth, give notice of the meeting of the State Convention at Harrisburg on the 25th of March next, for the purpose of nominating [illegible]

Medal to Mr. Clay.

The account published in another column, of the presentation of an elegant and costly gold medal to Mr. Clay, in Washington on Monday, will be read with deep interest.—It was the gift of citizens of New York, political and personal friends of the venerable and patriotic Statesman, and was presented in token of their sense of his important public services and elevated private character. The medal, it is stated, cost upwards of three thousand dollars, and was more than eighteen months in the hands of the artist. It was a fitting compliment, handsomely paid, and pre-eminently well merited.

☞ Hon. JOHN F. CRAMPTON, at present Chargé from England at Washington, has been appointed Her Majesty's Minister Plenipotentiary to the U. States. It is presumed full powers will be delegated to him to adjust the difficulties in regard to the Nicaragua Treaty.

☞ The British Ministry has received the official report of their Admiral, *confirming* the representations made by our Minister, Mr. Lawrence, concerning the outrage committed by the British sloop of war Express firing upon the American brig Prometheus, and has approved the conduct of the Admiral in ordering the Captain of the Express off the station. Lord Granville disavowed the act to Mr. Lawrence as a violation of the existing treaty; and said that under such circumstances it was becoming in a great nation to make an honorable apology. The correspondence on this subject will be sent to Congress immediately.

P. S. The Prometheus papers were communicated to Congress on Wednesday, and they show that the case is adjusted in the most satisfactory manner. We also learn that all questions with Spain, growing out of the Cuban invasion, are amicably settled; that John Thrasher is pardoned and released; and that the Spanish Consul has returned to New Orleans, and there met a courteous reception. The management of all these questions by Mr. Webster has been remarkably discreet, and entirely successful.

☞ The resolutions offered in the Senate of the U. States by Mr. Clarke, of R. I., reaffirming the doctrine of non-intervention, have been the principal subject of debate during the past week. On Monday, Mr. Clarke addressed the Senate in support of them, and defended his position by copious extracts from the writings of Washington, Jefferson, Polk, Webster, and others. On Tuesday, Gen. Cass read a speech on the subject, which he had very carefully prepared. He had no idea, he said, of going to war for Hungary, or for intervening by force of arms any where in Europe. He merely wishes the U. States to make a public declaration of opinion on the acts of European Governments as far as these infringe on the laws of nations, in order that the silence of America may not be construed into acquiescence. "Now," says the correspondent of the North American, "[illegible] can be humbugged by this sort of [illegible] tion and dodging, he deserves to be pitied, if not to be despised. What are protests [illegible] We may declare and declare till doomsday, if words are the only arguments to vindicate our professed principles. [illegible] the position occupied by Gen. Cass; since, while they are intended to mislead and to acquire popularity, they are utterly valueless for any substantial purpose."

☞ In the House of Representatives, on Wednesday, a most exciting debate took place between Mr. Giddings, of Ohio, and Mr. Stanly, of N. C., which lasted for an hour [illegible] personalities and a discussion of slavery.

☞ Information has been received at the Department of State, at Washington, from Madrid, that the Queen of Spain has [illegible] pardon to Mr. John S. Thrasher, who was [illegible] Cuba [illegible]

☞ Advices have been received from Mexico to the [illegible] The Mexican Congress [illegible] the Capital, and [illegible] President Arista [illegible] a war with England [illegible] payment of [illegible]

☞ A correspondent of the New York Times, writing from the City of Mexico, says that Santa Anna has never relinquished his hopes of being again the Dictator of Mexico, and that he is [illegible] to make an extraordinary stroke at an early day. It is thought probable that he will make a descent at Acapulco—where all the [illegible] are his friends [illegible] Governor [illegible] of Santa Anna, [illegible] of President Arista. He has plenty of arms, and can call into the field 17,000 Indians any moment.

☞ [illegible] $5 gold pieces have been [illegible] in California in 1849. One man, [illegible] New York [illegible]

☞ The New York Advertiser says that [illegible] United States [illegible]

LATE FROM EUROPE.

ADVANCE IN BREADSTUFFS & COTTON.

The steamer Pacific arrived at New York on Thursday, bringing Liverpool dates to the 28th of January.

There was another small advance in the price of Breadstuffs and Cotton. Baltimore flour was bringing 22s. 6d. and 23s.

The impression is gaining ground in Paris, that Louis Napoleon will seek an early opportunity to provoke a war with England, and the English Government, apprehending an invasion, is making extensive preparations, and preparing for the national defence. 30,000 stands of arms had been ordered from Birmingham, and 25,000 troops to London. Several ships of war had also been ordered back to England. Arrests were still going on in France, by Louis Napoleon. The French Ministry has been, at last, definitely constituted.

☞ The news by the last steamers has had the effect of advancing the price of Flour in the cities; and it will be seen by our price current, that at Baltimore it was bringing, on Friday evening, $4.31 to 4.37½. This is good news to the farmer, and indeed to the whole community—for when breadstuffs bring a good price, every branch of business feels the benefit of it.

☞ Hon. JAMES COOPER and Hon. H. M. FULLER, will accept our thanks for documents forwarded.

☞ A bill was introduced into the House of Representatives of this State, on Thursday last, to incorporate the Oxford Railroad company.

Sudden Death.

Mr. Samuel Cook, of Quincy township, Franklin county, was found dead in his mill on Sunday morning the 8th inst. He had eaten his supper as usual, and about 8 o'clock retired to his mill, to grind a short time, when he would shut down for the night. Not returning by 12 o'clock, Mrs. Cook went to the mill, and found him lying dead, it is supposed from apoplexy. He was in his 51st year. He leaves a widow and five children. About the time he was discovered, a physician called to apprise the family of the death of Mrs. CATHARINE ESSICK, an elder sister of Mr. Cook. She had also eaten her supper with the family the same evening, and was engaged in knitting as late as 8 o'clock. She was in her 65th year, and had raised a large and interesting family.

☞ *Good.*—A few evenings ago, a fellow at Cumberland, Md., who was recognized afterwards to be a Dr. Emerick, formerly of Wellersburg, Pa., insulted some young ladies on the street of that town, and was immediately knocked down by a gentleman who was near at the time. He was also taken before a justice, who fined him $10 and costs. Not paying his fine, he was committed to jail. The next morning he paid his reckoning and left. This will probably be a lesson [illegible]

☞ The railroad track over the Susquehanna at Havre-de-Grace, on the ice, had not been removed on Thursday last, and the ice was [illegible] as solid as ever. The freight and passengers crossed that day in perfect safety. As the weather has again become cold, it is probable this novel railroad may continue some days yet.

☞ *Horrible!*—On Tuesday night last, a man named James Cavanagh, living near Minersville, Schuylkill county, tried to kill his wife by stabbing her. Failing in this, the wretch seized his child, and threw it into the fire, and burnt it to death. He was arrested, and is now in jail.

☞ Kossuth was in Cincinnati last week. He has declined several invitations to [illegible] and intended making [illegible] or two speeches, during his stay in that city, which would be 10 or 12 days.

☞ Mr. John Sennetty, who was severely stabbed at Sharpsburg, Md., on the [illegible] by Mr. Van Lear, is said to be rapidly recovering.

☞ Lewis Weirman [illegible] has been arrested in Philadelphia, charged with causing the death by poison of nineteen cows and two horses, belonging to Mr. Sellers [illegible]

☞ One of the [illegible] the station [illegible] Candidates for Governor in New Hampshire, who is [illegible] the State, got some thirty [illegible] into Canada, making speeches to the [illegible] subjects of Queen Victoria, before he knew he was out of his own [illegible]

☞ Gen. Bickel, State Treasurer, has promptly met the February interest, thus preserving unsullied the credit of our good old Commonwealth.

Interesting to Witnesses.—Judge Sharswood, of the District Court, Philadelphia, has decided that a witness is bound to attend court, after he has been subpoenaed, without being paid in advance for his services. The witness who elicited the decision was a member of the bar, who stated that he was often annoyed by subpoenas to testify, and he wished to test the question. [illegible] The Court said [illegible] that he must answer the subpoena [illegible] pay or no pay, and look to the party [illegible] for payment afterwards.

Washington's Birth Day.

The proposition to commemorate the approaching birth-day of Washington with such peculiar and appropriate observance as may be suitable to an occasion so worthy of remembrance, meets with general acquiescence, says the Baltimore American, and we are pleased to perceive is heartily seconded by the press in all sections of the country. It has been a matter of regret that each recurrence of this anniversary has seemed to lessen the degree of observance and respect accorded to it, and it is to be desired that the circumstances which at present point to the propriety of some popular and universal manifestation of interest in the day and the associations connected with it, will be everywhere admitted, and all join heartily and cordially in such tokens of public gratitude and rejoicing, as may be suitable to so august an occasion—serving alike, whilst honoring the dead, to recall those actions of valor and wisdom and lessons of foresight and prudence, which were left by the patriot sires of the Revolution for the guidance and security of the Republic.

The suggestion that the papers throughout the country shall publish on the morning of the 23d, (the 22d falling on Sunday) Washington's Farewell Address, and that the same shall be publicly read in all the cities, towns, and villages, seems to be favorably received as an appropriate feature of the commemoration, and will probably be generally complied with.

☞ The present winter seems, according to all accounts, to have been hitherto quite as severe in Europe as it has been in America. Even the countries tending towards the tropics have been favored with an Icelandic winter. The very neighborhood of Madrid has recently been visited by a snow storm more severe than was ever before witnessed there. The snow fell for three days, and blocked up the roads. The diligences from Segovia, Valladolid, Salamanca, the Asturias and Galicia, were obliged to come to a stand still at Guadaxara, about thirty miles from the capital. So many private carriages stopped there that every house was filled. Never was such an influx seen before, and the inhabitants were in the greatest consternation for fear the supply of provisions should give out. To make the matter worse, the King, who had been hunting in the forest, sought refuge in the town with a retinue of some hundreds more.—But they were set at work to clear a passage to Madrid, through the banks and drifts; and then King, diligences, private carriages and all, left Guadaxara by the highway thus improvised, through the snow.

In Switzerland, too, the winter is more inhospitable than usual. The Lake of Zurich is frozen over. The river Sarine is frozen at Friburg, except where it is very rapid. What is remarkable is that the cold is said to be less intense upon the mountains than in the valleys. The temperature is milder in the Gruyere than at Friburg, and at Alt[illegible] than in the slopes of St. Gothard and the neighboring mountains.

☞ The Boston Transcript of Monday afternoon says that the sleighing continues fine in that quarter—that being the fifty-second successive day in which all the omnibus lines in the city and vicinity have been upon runners.

☞ Mr. Saunders, of the firm of Saunders & Wheeler, at Danvers, Mass., fell dead on Thursday week, from over exertion in shovelling snow from the pavement!

☞ A man named Pierre Cazeau, has been convicted at New Orleans, of setting his own house on fire, and been sentenced to the penitentiary *for life!*

☞ The Frederick Examiner says that the fruit and ornamental trees in that county, almost without exception, are injured to some extent by the blighting effects of the severe cold weather this winter.

☞ It is stated that during the last three years, the wives of [illegible] men have been brought to the Massachusetts State Lunatic Asylum at Worcester, in consequence of their husbands going to California.

☞ A law has been passed in Wurtemburg, Germany, to the effect that no citizen shall be permitted to contract marriage, until he brings proofs to the authorities, that he is possessed, if not of a competency, yet of the means of supporting a wife.

☞ The banished Representatives of France have generally, it is said, sold all their property in France, and apparently quitted the country for ever.

☞ M. Thiers having written to Louis Napoleon for permission to return to France, promising to abstain from politics, the President sent him in reply a copy of a passage in Thiers' history of the revolution, wherein he censures the Emperor for not having expelled several of his political adversaries as a measure of security.

☞ The House of Representatives of Ohio, on the 5th instant, refused to pay the expenses of M. Kossuth, while on a visit to that State. A resolution, directing an appropriation for this purpose, was laid on the table in that body by a vote of 45 yeas to 29 nays.

☞ The Athens (Ga.) Herald says that the good fever has played sad havoc with the population [illegible] this winter [illegible] there are scarcely enough [illegible] take care of the women and children.

Escape of Counterfeiters.

Two counterfeiters, named John Ebans and Wm. Thompson, taking advantage of the storm of wind and rain on Tuesday night, succeeded in making their escape from that strong prison, the Moyamensing jail, Philadelphia. They were committed on the 14th of December, for passing counterfeit $20 notes on the State Bank of Ohio, and about one dozen of indictments, from which there was no probability of escaping conviction, were pending against them. The following, says the North American, were the means and manner of their escape:

"Implements and contrivances, exactly suited to their purpose, consisting of a saw, crow-bar, sledge-hammer, rope, hook, &c., were secretly conveyed to them by some unknown visitor to their cell, which was No. 78, south range, first corridor. The implements were hid under a board of the floor of the cell, and in their bed.

With the saw they partially cut in two both sides of the thick and massive iron window frame (the heavy panes of glass having been previously taken out) and then broke the sill in twain with blows of the sledge-hammer. Next, with the crowbar, they prized out by main force the separated portions of the frame, snapping them off at the places where the saw was applied, like a pipe-stem. The most formidable obstacle thus removed, they knocked out the solid masonry, until they made an aperture thro' the wall, big enough to admit their bodies.

A fruit tree that grew immediately under the window facilitated their exit and descent to the ground. With the rope and hook, and the rounds of a chair, they had contrived a complete hanging ladder. They went to the lower end of the yard, and scaled the western enclosure wall, which is about twenty-five feet high.

A hand-cart was put under the wall, and a bench placed on it. Standing on this bench, they threw the hook of their rope-ladder over the wall and secured it to the wooden coping. They then ascended to the top of the wall with their ladder, and let themselves down on the outside upon a heap of earth, deposited there by dirt carts."

Liberia.

Advices have been received from Liberia to Dec. 10.

It appears that an attack was made in November, by some of the native chiefs, upon a little village, called Fishtown, and nine of the inhabitants massacred; and the town sacked and burned. Another attack was made on Bassa Cove, but they were repulsed with a loss of 40 killed, among whom are several leading chiefs. President Roberts is determined to punish the authors of the late outrage as the surest way to secure peace for the future. The American Colonization Society, it is said, has voted the sum of $10,000, should it be required, to aid in the defence of Liberia against the attacks of the savage tribes. The Society has also adopted measures to obtain additional arms and warlike resources.

The Death Penalty.—The Senate Committee in the Rhode Island Legislature has reported a bill abolishing the penalty of death, and substituting imprisonment for life. At the same time, says the Providence Journal, it guards against the abuse of the pardoning power by a provision that no person sentenced to imprisonment for life, or for a term of not less than five years, shall be released, except upon the concurrent vote of three-fourths of all the members elected to each house of the General Assembly.

P. S. The Senate has passed the bill by a majority of three.

☞ In Baltimore, on Monday afternoon, a woman about thirty years of age, and respectably attired in mourning, fell down upon the sidewalk, in Pine, near Baltimore street, in consequence of intoxication. It was a sad and sorrowful exhibition of female degradation, which will be long remembered by those who gathered around and seated her on the steps of a house near by.

☞ The Philadelphia papers chronicle the death of Mr. Adam Eckfeldt, an aged and highly respectable resident of that city. He was for nearly half a century one of the chief officers of the United States Mint, and made many important improvements in the operative machinery of that establishment, which have since been generally adopted both in this country and Europe.

Execution.—Charles Stoughton was hung at Ashland, Ohio, on the 30th ult., in the presence of 10,000 persons, for the murder of Miss Cornelia Vantilburg, aged 16 years. He leaves a wife living in Pennsylvania and another in Ohio.

☞ A terrible accident occurred on the line of the Great Western Railroad, Canada, on the 2d inst. A bank of earth and stone fell on, burying ten men who were at work under it. But one man was saved—the rest being crushed and mutilated in a horrible manner.

☞ The Perth (Scotland) Courier asserts that the Perthshire poachers are catching hares by laying sponges saturated in chloroform beside their feed.

☞ The railroad between Zanesville and Newark, Ohio, has been completed, and there is, therefore, now a continuous railroad from Zanesville, through Newark, Mount Vernon and Mansfield, to Sandusky City on Lake Erie.

☞ A colored man named Charles Lynox, [illegible] for many years [illegible] at Harvard College, Cambridge, Mass., fell dead a few days ago. He leaves an estate of $20,000.

Recognition of the Independence of Liberia by Prussia.—President Roberts, of Liberia, has received from the Prussian Minister at the Court of St. James a despatch containing a formal recognition of the independence of Liberia by his Government.

THE ADAMS SENTINEL AND GENERAL ADVERTISER.

DEATH OF DR McCONAUGHY.

The Washington (Pa.) Reporter of the 4th inst. comes to us clothed in mourning for the death of this venerable servant of God, and makes the following very appropriate remarks—to which all who knew our departed friend, will most cheerfully subscribe:—

Death of the Venerable Dr. McConaughy.

He is gone—the gifted, the wise, the good old man! Gone—full of years and full of honors—lamented by a whole community, whose privilege it was to love and revere him while living!

We mourn that we can no longer behold his venerable form moving among us, yet he still lives in our midst. With the generation who knew him, he can never die.

"None knew him but to love,"

—and the memory of his worth will flourish with them forever green and imperishable.

Regret at the loss of such a man is natural. Although he had reached the allotted limit of human life, and we knew that in the course of nature, he could not long survive, it was yet a deprivation hard to be borne. Society, though it is powerless to prevent it, parts sorrowfully and reluctantly with its jewels.

But admiration qualifies our regret.—When the sun, after a genial day, sinks to his rest, we linger with fondness over the glories left upon the sky: so, when a good man, after a life of usefulness, passes away, we dwell with admiration upon the beautiful horizon that attends upon the sunset of his life.

No man ever lived who enjoyed more highly the kind and tender regards of the community in which he lived, than did Dr. McConaughy. As a scholar he occupied the first rank; as a man, he stood above reproach; and as a Christian, he was exemplary. He had no enemies, and cherished no enmities; yet no one could lay it to his charge that he ever failed in a faithful and fearless discharge of his duties in whatever station he occupied. During the many years of his Presidency in the College, he won the esteem of those under his care, and continued to enjoy it to the end of his life. Of the many who will embalm his memory in their tears, the hundreds who associate him with recollections of their *Alma Mater*, may be numbered among the first.

Many gifted and virtuous men, shining marks for the arrows of death, are cut down in the prime of life, with much of their promise unrealized; but it was the good fortune of this community to possess in Dr. McConaughy, one of those talented, and good, and virtuous men, who are spared to a ripe old age, to adorn humanity and bless mankind.

The death of such a man could not have been otherwise than peaceful and serene.—At peace with God and man, he departed without a murmur or regret. Happy they who can realize the true depth of the aspiration—"let my latter end be like his!"

The Funeral of Dr. McConaughy,

On Saturday last, was the largest that ever took place in our town, notwithstanding the inclemency of the weather prevented many from attending. This fact shows the high estimation in which he was held by our citizens.

The stores were closed, and all business suspended, from one to three o'clock in the afternoon, during the funeral ceremonials—a public testimonial of respect as well deserved as it was cordially given.

The funeral sermon, it is understood, will be preached, at some early day, by his familiar friend and predecessor in the Presidency of the College—Dr. Elliott, of Allegheny city.

Dr. McConaughy was aged about 74 years, and died on Thursday evening.

Meeting of Students.

At a meeting of the Students of Washington College, held January 30th, 1852, Benj. K. Ormond having been called to the Chair, the following Resolutions were adopted relative to the death of the Rev. DAVID M'CONAUGHY, D. D., L. L. D., Ex-President of Washington College.

WHEREAS, in the mysterious dispensation of Divine Providence, it has pleased the Almighty to remove from our midst, by death, the Rev. Dr. M'CONAUGHY, a man endeared to the sons of this Institution by his many excellencies and his fatherly care over them: Therefore,

Resolved, That, while we bow in humble submission to the will of Almighty God, we are deeply sensible of the loss we have sustained in the death of this venerable and venerated Father.

Resolved, That we will long cherish his memory, and ever remember with gratitude his kind admonitions, his paternal counsels, and his valued instructions.

Resolved, That we have recognized in him one of the noblest exemplars of the Christian walk, and that by his death, Zion has lost from her watch-towers a fearless and faithful sentinel.

Resolved, That, in his death, we have seen the consummation of the most glorious hopes, and that his joyful departure has led us to long that "we may die the death of the righteous, and that our last end may be like his."

Resolved, That we sympathize with the relict of the deceased, who has lost a dear friend and a loving husband: but whose grief is allayed by the thought, that he has only laid aside the garb of mortality to assume the spotless vestments of immortality.

Resolved, That we implore upon her the blessing of Him who has said, "Thy Maker is thy husband:" so that when she is called upon to grapple with the King of Terrors, her triumph may be as complete and as glorious as that of her late partner.

Resolved, That, as a token of respect for the memory of the deceased, we wear the usual badge of mourning during the remainder of the Session.

Resolved, That a copy of these Resolutions be transmitted to the family of the deceased, and that they be published in the Washington papers, the Presbyterian Advocate, the Presbyterian, of Philadelphia, and the Presbyterian of the West.

CLEM. L. B. M'CLUSKEY,
ROBERT GILMOR,
SAMUEL J. WILSON,
WILLIAM W. CAMPBELL,
JAMES J. M'CORMICK.
Committee

☞Of the gold coinage at the Philadelphia Mint for the year 1851, amounting to upwards of fifty-two millions of dollars, about forty-eight millions were of double eagles. The double eagles seem to have been coined expressly for facility of export.

Ecclesiastical Movement.—There is some stir in the Methodist Episcopal Church occasioned by a movement among a portion of the members, originating, we believe, in Philadelphia, to secure a lay delegation in the Conferences. The various Congregations have been requested to be represented in a Convention to be held next month in that City, with a view to bringing the subject before the next General Conference.—Wesley Chapel at Washington resolved by a small majority to be represented, and appointed Delegates. A meeting to take the subject into consideration was called in Baltimore last week, but no one appearing to support the measure, it adjourned after some conversation without any action. We believe that the Methodist Protestants seceded from the Methodist Episcopalians some years ago on the same question.

The Dead in Mexico.—The American Cemetery in Mexico, constructed with funds supplied by Congress, has been finished.—It is near the city of Mexico; and the remains of the Americans who died or were killed during the Mexican war are to be removed to it. It is laid out along side of the English burial ground, occupying about two acres, enclosed by a thick wall, 15 feet in height; the entrance is through an arched gate-way, about twice the height of the wall; upon the arch is the figure of a cross. The whole work is of an appropriate and substantial order.

Remarkable Discovery in Virginia.—A letter in the Richmond Times states that a few days ago, while several men were engaged in blasting out limestone near Buchanan, Botetourt county, they discovered a cave, with an entrance of some six or eight feet in height, and upwards of one hundred long, with two apartments. In the first they found some earthen ware and a large stone cross; on the cross there was some carving, but it was so much defaced by the hand of time that it was scarcely discernible. A number of citizens with a lantern, subsequently entered the second apartment, where they found a skeleton seated on a huge iron chest, with its back resting against the wall. On opening this chest they found it to contain *gold coin*, perfectly smooth on one side and a cross with some characters on it on the other. The gold in the chest by weight is worth seven hundred and eighty-three dollars.

☞Wonderful Gold discoveries have been made at Port Philip, the adjoining colony of New South Wales. Many cases of individual success were most remarkable. One man had obtained £1,500 in a week; and another, a blacksmith, had got £1,000. A party of three men found 20 pounds weight in one day, while another, before breakfast, raised 13lbs. weight. The consequence was a far greater desertion from all ordinary occupations than had ever been witnessed at Sydney. Four or five large ships were ready for sea and detained for want of hands. The salaries of the Government officers have been increased 50 per cent. and labor of all kinds had advanced in proportion. A Government escort had arrived with £17,000, and was to return for a further sum of £20,000.

☞Kossuth, in one of his late speeches, stated that already $130,000 had been raised in the United States, for the cause of Hungary, and but $30,000 of it had been realized for his country—the other $100,000 being wasted in eating, drinking, and feasting at costly banquets! That he had entered into a contract for 40,000 muskets for $80,000, and had $50,000 to raise to pay for them; and that in view of these things he solemnly pledged himself not to unite in any more processions or participate in any future banquets, but to appropriate all the funds which would be thus wasted, to the suffering cause of Hungary.

The "People" in Great Britain.—Out of the vast population in Great Britain, only a million and three quarters are returned by the late census to be above the condition of laborers. The number of persons in England who by custom are entitled to style themselves 'gentlemen,' is seven hundred and sixty thousand. This estimate includes professional men, government officials, and those who possess an independent property. The proportion of voters to the whole population is one to twenty-three.

Rum in New York.—Official statistics show that there are between six and seven thousand grog shops in this city. In the Sixth Ward alone, it is shown there is one tippling place for every two voters. Those who have taken the pains to investigate the matter, assure us that these seven thousand groggeries are patronized daily and nightly, by no fewer than two hundred thousand persons; allowing an average of thirty to each drinking shop, which is certainly not far out of the way. We have thus official data for putting down the liquor interest of this city as embracing over one-third of our total population.—*N. Y. Paper.*

Protecting Letters.—Many thousands of letters sent to the post office are returned as dead letters, the persons to whom they are sent not being found. These are destroyed unless they contain enclosures of some kind; and often information of value to the persons addressed, or their friends, is destroyed with them. We see it stated that in a new edition of the regulations of the Post Office, about to be published, it is provided that in every case where the writer of a letter chooses to protect it from being opened at the Department and destroyed as a dead letter, he can do so by pre-paying the postage, and writing legibly on the sealed side the words, "*to be preserved*;" in which case it will be rescued from the liability of being committed to the flames, and its seal will remain intact.—*Nat. Int.*

Railroad Riot and Loss of Life.—The riots between the two factions of Irish laborers on the railroad near Steubenville, Ohio, were resumed on Saturday last, and resulted in the death of James Casey, of the Cork party. Eleven of the offenders had been arrested and committed to jail at Steubenville, where some fifty or sixty of the rioters are now confined on various charges.

On Tuesday 200 or 300 Corkonians marched into Pittsburg, from the railroads in the vicinity, many of them fully armed, with the determination to go to Steubenville to aid their friends there to drive off the Fardowns, but none of the captains of the steamers being willing to take them they avowed their intention to march there by land. Several arrests were made, and energetic steps have been taken, both at Steubenville and Pittsburg, to put an end to these disgraceful feuds.

The French Tyrant.

Another Coup d' Etat of Napoleon.—The last act of note perpetrated by Louis Napoleon, is the discarding of Madame Bonaparte, his mistress and the mother of his children, (a lady said to have been born in Baltimore,) preparatory to the espousal of a Royal Princess, from one of the reigning houses of Europe. It is said she has been banished from France like a felon—expelled from Paris by force, with the children of the Usurper in her arms, and compelled to seek an asylum in England.

☞The New York Tribune has the following comment on this base act:—

The Counterfeit Napoleon.—If any ingenious Plutarch shall run a parallel between the Uncle of his Nephew and the Nephew of his Uncle, he will find the points of resemblance far more numerous than is generally supposed. The parodist of the Emperor, having just promulgated a Constitution which renders him absolute Dictator and Autocrat of France, covering his despotism with none but the flimsiest disguises—of which Constitution the best word that even he can say for it is that it is almost a copy of that of the Emperor Napoleon—has just run another parallel by discarding the woman who has hitherto shared his prosperous as she had previously done his adverse fortunes, preparatory to the espousal of a Royal Princess from one of the reigning houses of Europe.

We have in this act a striking example both of the servile imitation of the Uncle by the Nephew, and of his incapacity even to mimic greatness respectably. Napoleon heartlessly divorced the partner of his humbler and his rising fortunes after reaching the summit of power; but not till after she had for years shared with him the exaltation and splendor of Imperial sway; he put her away basely, if you please, but royally; with tenderness, reluctance, and every outward manifestation of regret; he rendered a reason for his infidelity which had something of grandeur and loftiness in it—in putting away an old wife for a young one, a child of the people for a daughter of the Cæsars, he seemed to sacrifice his personal happiness to secure that of France. Josephine had still a palace, with queenly state and consideration; though deserted by him who had sworn to love and cherish her through life, she was still honored and esteemed both by himself and by the world. But the woman who has listened credulously to the vows and clung to the stormy fortunes of "Napoleon the Little," is turned off in the first flush of his triumph as if she were a camp-follower—banished from France like a felon—expelled from Paris by force, with the children of the Usurper in her arms, and compelled to seek an asylum in England from the ingrate and villain whose vows she has been weak enough to believe.

Can it be possible that France will rest even one year under the rule of a tyrant so base and brutal? We will not believe it. The crimes of a conqueror who filled Europe with admiration of his genius and awe of his power, she might endure; but the reign of a Commodus or Caligula in the France of this century must be a short one. We shall look with more curiosity than interest to the announcement of his new Senate and Assembly, to see what grade of men he may be able to bribe to serve as screens for his despotism; but we doubt whether his mockery of a Legislature will ever assemble. France might endure the despotism of a heroic criminal, but not that of a miscreant.

☞A singular case of the exercise of the pardoning power by the Executive, occurred recently in Virginia. A man by the name of Angel (not very angelic) had been convicted of homicide, and sentenced to five years' imprisonment. Soon a petition for his pardon was presented to the Governor, signed by nearly all the citizens of Lynchburg, the place where the tragedy occurred,—including the Judge, before whom the case was tried. The Governor, assuming that the petitioners knew the merits of the case better than himself, pardoned the criminal. When this was done, it came out that the signatures to the petition were a *forgery throughout*. The people of Lynchburg were so indignant, that they resorted to Lynch law, and notified the said Angel to leave the place in ten days or bear the consequences.

☞The Ripley (Miss.) Advertiser states that two men, named Clay and Bickerstaff, have been committed to the jail of Tippah county, on a charge of horse stealing. The latter turned State's evidence, in which we had some very novel relations, which demonstrate the fact that horse stealing is now reduced to a science, and that master, salesman, striker, runner and stealer constitute the different degrees of this new order. In his disclosures, he confessed himself to belong to a gang of horse thieves, who operate from the Tombigbee, through Mississippi, Arkansas and Texas.

Terrible Calamity from Gas.—A family of five persons in St. Louis lost their lives on the 27th of January by the inhalation of gas during the night and morning, which escaped by the bursting of a metre in the cellar of the house. Two dogs in the room were also suffocated. The family occupied a chamber over the store, and the gas from the cellar filled the building so completely that but few could stand it the day after the discovery of its victims.

The Mysterious Death of Jos. C. Miller.—Respecting this singular affair, we extract the following from the Germantown Telegraph:—"We have a private letter on the subject of the death of this man, from a friend residing in the neighborhood of the tragedy, who thoroughly investigated the case, in which he reiterates with great force, not only his belief, but the certainty of the man's death by suicide. In contradiction of the last published statements, he says that on the night of the tragedy there was an *entire absence of frost*—that Miller's own foot prints were plainly visible on the sod where he was found hanging—that on leaving the railroad there was a bank of several feet to ascend, and a slip of his *slippery foot* was there visible, with the mark corresponding on the knee of his pantaloons."

Earned their Mileage.—The delegation from Pembina, in the Minnesota Legislature, now in session, came a distance of five hundred miles with dogs and sledges, camping out during fourteen nights on the way, with the mercury, some of the time, 10 deg. below 0!

CONCERT.

We are requested to announce that GETTYS LODGE BAND, assisted by a number of Ladies and Gentlemen, who have kindly offered their valuable services, will give a Concert of Instrumental and Vocal Music, at McConaughy's Hall, on the evening of the 23d inst.—the proceeds to be appropriated to charitable objects. Particulars in future advertisement.

☞The extensive Sawmill of Mr. F. S. Bletz, in Columbia, was destroyed by fire on Wednesday evening last, together with the planing and grooving mill, and the sash, door, and splitting shop, besides a large amount of lumber—loss from $7,000 to $8,000—insurance only $3,000.

☞The American Hotel at Portland, Maine, with the stable and *thirty horses*, was consumed by fire on Friday morning last, which spread to the corner of Elm and Congress streets, and west to the corner of Preble—loss $80,000.

Horrible Murder at Cumberland.—CUMBERLAND, MD., Feb. 11, 8 P. M.—A startling murder has just occurred here, the circumstances of which are as follows:—Sometime since, a difficulty occurred at a cotillon party, between Robert Swan and William O. Sprigg, of Jos., which resulted in a challenge from Swan. By the interference of mutual friends the difficulty was however adjusted, as was supposed; but a recently published card, issued by Swan, revived past animosities, and Swan, arming himself with a double barrel shot gun, repaired to the Hotel where Sprigg was boarding, and, finding him standing in the bar-room, discharged both barrels, striking him in the head and causing instant death. The coroner is now holding an inquest on the body. Swan has been arrested. Much excitement prevails, as both parties are respectably connected.

☞The following is a copy of a note sent by a parent to a school-mistress, as an excuse for absence from school:—"Adolph he coulden com becos he liden fiel vel."

V. B. PALMER, is an *Agent* for this paper in the cities of Boston, New York and Philadelphia and is duly empowered to take advertisements and subscriptions at the rates as required by us. His receipts will be regarded as payments. His offices are—BOSTON, Scollay's Building; NEW YORK, Tribune Buildings; PHILADELPHIA, N. W. corner Third and Chestnut sts.

☞WM. THOMPSON, No. 6, Carroll Hall, Baltimore, is our only authorized Agent in that City, for advertisements and subscriptions to the "SENTINEL." His receipts therefor will be good.

Baltimore Price Current.

Flour,	4 31 to 4 37
Wheat,	93 to 97
Rye,	73 to 74
Corn,	57 to 60
Oats,	38 to 39
Beef Cattle,	6 00 to 7 75
Cloverseed,	5 00 to 5 25

Married,

On the 5th inst., by Rev. G. Roth, Mr. AMOS R. THOMAS, to Miss CATHARINE K. OYLER—both of Menallen township.

On Thursday last, by the Rev. Mr. Anstaett, Mr. BORIUS DIETRICK, of Straban township, to Miss ELIZA, daughter of Abraham Reever, Esq. of Mountpleasant township.

Died,

On the 3d inst., Mr BENJAMIN REID, of Fairfield, in the 66th year of his age.

On the 6th inst., in Hamiltonban township, Mrs. MARGARET MICKLEY, wife of Mr John Mickley, sen. aged 73 years 8 months and 3 days.

On the 5th inst., after a lingering illness, Mr. GEORGE PLANK of Cumberland township.

On the 22d of December last, Mrs. MARY KECKLER, of Cumberland township, aged 84 years 3 months and 23 days.

On the 6th ult., Mrs. CATHARINE MINTER, of Franklin township, aged 29 years 4 months and 20 days.

On the 19th ult., Miss SARAH HANES, daughter of John Hanes, Esq., of Butler township, in the 18th year of her age.

On the 1st inst., Mr ABRAHAM HANES, of Butler township, aged 46 years 4 months and 14 days.

On the 16th of December last, Mrs. ELIZABETH KIME, of Franklin township, aged 77 years and 9 months.

NOTICE.

THE subscriber takes the present mode of informing those persons who are indebted to him for Fees, &c. whilst acting as Sheriff of Adams county, that he is under the necessity of collecting the same; and he therefore hopes that all who know themselves indebted for Fees, will call upon JOEL B. DANNER Esq., in Gettysburg, with whom the Books have been left, on or before the 1st of April next, and discharge the same.

WM. FICKES.

Feb. 16. 1d

LAST NOTICE.

ALL persons who are in arrears of payment on subscription of Stock to the HANOVER BRANCH RAILROAD COMPANY, are requested to make payment without delay. And all such accounts which are not paid within ten days, will be put in the hands of proper authority for collection.

By order of the Board.
MICHAEL BUCHER, *Sec'ry.*

Feb. 16.

FREDERICK COUNTY LAND FOR SALE.

THE subscriber wishes to sell his FARM at *PRIVATE SALE*, situate and lying about 2½ miles southeast of Mechanicstown, Frederick county, Maryland, containing

191 ACRES OF LAND.

about 25 or 30 Acres of which are in excellent TIMBER. The improvements consist, in part, of a two story

LOG HOUSE,

weather boarded, a LOG BARN & SHEDDING, and all other necessary Out Buildings. Several good and never failing springs are on the Farm, one of which is near the dwelling, with a branch of running water through the same.

Soil.—About two-thirds of the Farm is a red soil, [illegible] through it, of sufficient depth [illegible] from 12 to 14 inches; the balance [illegible] soil—all well adapted to the use of [illegible] can be had within a mile of the Farm, with a sufficiency of Timber to fence the Farm.

☞Any person wishing to purchase land will find a GREAT BARGAIN in this Farm. Terms will be made to suit purchasers. Any person wishing to view said premises will please call on the subscriber, living in Mechanicstown.

LEONARD PICKING.

Feb. 16. 4t

Hats and Caps.

A large assortment, cheaper than ever, including Young Gentlemen's Fashionable SLOUCH HATS, is now opening at the Cheap Store of KELLER KURTZ.

Dec. 15.

LIST OF LETTERS,

Remaining in the Post Office at Gettysburg, February 14th, 1852.

Arendt John
Allison Mrs. Elizabeth
Black Michael
Bershun George
Brinkerhoff Henry
Bishop Mrs. Mary
Brooks Miss Delilah
Baker F. Balthaser
Butt Adam
Bemety Charles
Bixler Miss Barbara
Coffman George
Cogley Mrs Catharine
Carr Mrs. Mary
Diehl John
Deardorff John
Deardorff Joseph
De Groft Cornelius
Dea say Philip
De Groft Elias
Ebert John
Essick Ludwig
Essick David
Eckert Henry
Fisher Robert
Fryer Sarah H.
Fickes William
Fissel Hannah
Fry Peter
Lloyd Samuel
Gunn Miss Catharine
Geer Miss Agnes
Guise Miss Catharine
Hill John
Hartlaub Adam
Himmon John
Hemler Joseph
Hansel John
Hargenrader J. Adam
Hoover Samuel
Hemler George
Hunter John
Johnston Upton
Knouse Daniel
Keller John
Klotz Henry
Little Alexander
Menges Miss Christina
M. Daniel Daniel 2
Mark George
M'Kinney Robert
Musser George
Miller Peter D.
Marks Miss Charlotte
Miller Isaac
Ornee Frederick
Plank Jacob H.
Rex Jacob
Reigle Miss Catharine
Rogers Mrs. Laura
Raffensberger Martin
Shaeffer David 2
Shriver Miss Sarah
Snyder Conrad 2
Sacks John
Stout Philip
Spangler Daniel
Shank Daniel
Smith Jacob
Thomas Martin
Tressler George
Tonsemeier August
Thompson James
Vandike Miss Mary
Witmor Martin.

A. D. BUEHLER, *P. M.*

☞Persons calling for letters in the above List will please say they are advertised.

Feb. 16.

BEAUTIFUL GIFT BOOKS FOR 1852.

To Persons out of Employment.

$500 TO $2,000 A YEAR.

TO Ministers, Colporteurs, Traveling Agents and others, who desire to circulate good Books, at the same time realizing Fair Profits.

☞BOOK AGENTS WANTED—To circulate the Pictorial History of India and China; Thrilling Incidents of the Wars of the United States, and other truly valuable and illustrated works. Address, post paid,

ROBERT SEARS,
181 William street, New York city.

Feb. 16.

FOR SALE OR TO RENT,

THE VERY DESIRABLE

PRIVATE RESIDENCE,

at the North East Corner of Baltimore and Middle streets, with a large yard filled with fine Fruit Trees, &c.—now occupied by Dr. GILBERT'S family.

☞The Property next on Baltimore street also for sale, or the upper rooms to rent. Apply to

DOCT. HUBER.

Gettysburg, Feb. 9. 3t

FOR RENT, THE TANYARD

Of the subscriber, in Straban township. There is a DWELLING attached to it, which will suit a man of family.—For terms, apply to J. L. NEELY.

Feb. 9. tf

NOTICE.

Estate of Henry Eckenrode, deceased.

LETTERS of Administration on the Estate of HENRY ECKENRODE, late of Tyrone township, Adams county, deceased, having been granted to the subscribers, residing in said township, they hereby give notice to those persons indebted to said Estate, to pay the same without delay, and those having claims are requested to present the same, properly authenticated, for settlement.

JOHN ECKENRODE,
PETER A. ECKENRODE, } *Adm'rs*

Feb. 9. 6t

NOTICE.

Estate of George Borrel, deceased.

LETTERS of Administration on the Estate of GEORGE BORREL, late of Menallen township, Adams county, deceased, having been granted to the subscriber, residing in said township, he hereby gives notice to those persons indebted to said Estate, to pay the same without delay, and those having claims are requested to present the same, properly authenticated, for settlement.

HENRY BEAMER, *Adm'r.*

Feb. 2. 6t

LARGE HOTEL IN GETTYSBURG, FOR SALE.

WILL BE SOLD AT PUBLIC SALE,

On Thursday the 26th of February, 1852, on the premises, all that large LOT, and

VALUABLE BRICK

HOTEL,

fronting on West York street, with Large Frame Stabling in the rear, situated in the Borough of Gettysburg, Adams county, and known in the general plan of said Borough as lot No. 74, and now occupied by Mr. John L. Tate. This property will be sold clear of all incumbrances, except the payment of one dollar per annum as quit-rent, to be paid to the proprietors in fee of said Ground rent. Possession to be given on the first of April.

Lot, and large Frame Stable.

Also, will be sold at the same time & place, a part of a larger

LOT OF GROUND,

situate on West street, in the Borough of Gettysburg, and bounded as follows:—Beginning at the corner of the lot of the Rev. Benjamin Keller on said West street, thence along said West street north forty-seven feet to an alley, thence along said alley west sixty feet to a lot of Robert Smith and Henry Wasmus, thence by said lot of Smith and Wasmus south forty seven feet to said lot of Rev. Benjamin Keller, thence by said lot of Rev. Benjamin Keller east sixty feet to the corner of the last mentioned lot and place of beginning, and known on the general plan of said Town as lot No. 73, subject to the annual payment of twenty five cents quit rent, to be paid yearly and every year to the proprietor in fee thereof. On this lot there is erected a large

FRAME STABLE.

☞The sale to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M. Attendance will be given, and the terms made known on the day of sale.

MARY ANN GRESWOLD.

Feb. 2. ts

WHEAT WANTED.

I will take WHEAT at a fair price, delivered at my MILL, in payment for old debts, or in exchange for goods.

☞I will Remove my Store to Sell's Corner in the Spring. GEO. ARNOLD.

Feb. 2. tf

MERCHANT TAILORING.

ABRAHAM ARNOLD respectfully informs the public, that in addition to the Ready-made Clothing, he carries on the *MERCHANT TAILORING*, and has employed a number of the best Tailors in the country. He will work cheaper than the cheapest.

Gettysburg, Aug. 18.

Ready-made Clothing.

SKELLY & HOLLEBAUGH have on hand a variety of Ready-made Clothing, embracing Black Cloth Coats, Tweed Coats, Overcoats, Monkey Jackets, fancy and plain black Cassimere and Sattinet Pantaloons, Satin, cloth and fancy vests; all of which will be disposed of at the lowest living rates. Call and see.

FOR RENT,

From the first day of April next,

A twostory Brick House

with Back Building and Lot of Ground, on Baltimore street, at present occupied by Rev. R. JOHNSTON. There is a well of water and a cistern at the house; also, a Lot of Ground in the rear of the property, suitable for pasture, on which is a Barn, a Carriage-house, Hog stable, &c.

Application may be made to

MOSES M'CLEAN,
Agent for Rev. Dr. Watson.

Jan. 5.

FOR SALE OR RENT,

The Valuable Three-Story Brick

DWELLING-HOUSE,

in which my family now resides, in the Borough of Gettysburg. It is one of the best in town, and will be sold or leased on low and accommodating terms. For further information, call on my brother-in-law, Mr GEORGE SWOPE, in Gettysburg, who is fully authorized to act for me in the premises. Possession given on the 1st of April next.

N. B. There is a perpetual Insurance in one of the best Insurance Companies in the State, the policy for which will be transferred to the purchaser.

DANIEL M. SMYSER.

Dec. 1. tf

REGISTER'S NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given to all Legatees and other persons concerned, that the ADMINISTRATION ACCOUNTS of the deceased persons hereinafter mentioned, will be presented at the Orphans' Court of Adams county, for confirmation and allowance, on *Tuesday the 2nd day of March next*, viz:

2. The first and final account of Lydia Bear, Administrator of the estate of Levi Bear, deceased.
3. The first account of David Zuck, Guardian of Mary Jane Boyd, minor child of James Boyd.
4. The first and final account of Josiah Baumgartner, Administrator of the estate of James Crabs, deceased, who was Executor of the last will and testament of Peter Crabs, deceased.
5. The first and final account of George Baker, Administrator of the estate of Emanuel Urich, deceased.
6. The first account of James Ewing, Executor of the last will and testament of Joseph Wilson, deceased.

DANIEL PLANK, *Register.*

Register's Office, Gettysburg, Feb. 2, 1852. } tc

COLLATERAL INHERITANCE TAX.

THE following statement exhibits the amount of Tax on Collateral Inheritances received for the use of the Commonwealth, by W. W. HAMERSLY, Esq., Register of Adams County, during the year ending December 1st, 1851, viz:

Tax Received from the Estate of

John Leppington, dec'd,	$4 05
Deader Smith,	88 50
James Major,	22 05
Robert Douglass,	8 38½
Nicholas Dietrick, (bal.)	12½
John Wierman,	5 23
Elizabeth Wilson,	59 60
Charles Delap,	47 92
Jacob Kuhn,	17 20
Peter Eline,	12 77
Nancy Minnigh,	11 78
Joseph Wambacht,	28 69
Christian Bender,	16 00
John Duncan,	3,613 43
James D. Sweney,	11 50
	$3,947 33
Deduct 5 per ct. for commission,	197 36
Nett amount due State,	$3,749 97

R. G. M'CREARY, *Auditor.*

Feb. 2. 4t

FARMER WANTED,

ON a Farm close to Finksburg, on shares—cleared land from 40 to 100 Acres. A Farmer with a four-horse Team would be preferred.

EDWARD REMINGTON,
Finksburg, Carroll county, Md.

Jan. 19. 4t

NOTICE.

THE partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the name and firm of S. FAHNESTOCK & SONS, is this day dissolved by limitation. All persons knowing themselves to be indebted, will please call and settle as the Books must be closed.

The Business will be continued by us under the name and firm of S. FAHNESTOCK & SONS, who, grateful for former patronage, hope for a continuance of it.

SAMUEL FAHNESTOCK,
JAMES F. FAHNESTOCK,
HENRY J. FAHNESTOCK.

Jan. 5.

A CARD.

THE undersigned, having removed from Adams County, takes this method of informing those having unfinished professional business in his hands, that the same, with the papers relating thereto, has been placed in the hands of *JAMES G. REED*, Esq. of Gettysburg, whom the undersigned recommends to them as fully worthy of their confidence, both for professional skill and integrity.

DANIEL M. SMYSER.

N. B. I would also earnestly request all persons knowing themselves to be indebted to me, to be prepared to make payment on or before the 1st day of April next—at which time I shall be in Gettysburg, for a few days, to close up my business.

Dec. 1. 6t

INSURE YOUR PROPERTY!

THE "*Adams County Mutual Fire Insurance Company*," located at Gettysburg, is now in successful operation, and for lowness of rates, economical management of its affairs and safety in Insurances, challenges comparison with any other similar company. All its operations are conducted under the personal supervision of Managers selected by the Stockholders. The Books of the Company are at all times open to the inspection of those insuring in it. As no travelling agents are employed, persons desiring to insure can make application to either of the Managers, from whom all requisite information can be gained.

☞The Managers are Samuel Miller, A. R. Stevenson, Geo. Swope, and D. A. Buehler, *Gettysburg*; Wm. B. Wilson, *Menallen*; Robert M'Curdy, *Cumberland*; Jacob King, *Straban*; Andrew Heintzleman, *Franklin*; A. W. Maginly, *Hamiltonban*; J. L. Noel, *Oxford*; J. Musselman, jr., *Liberty*; H. A. Picking, *Reading*; Jacob Griest, *Latimore*.

Nov. 24.

Skelly & Hollebaugh,

THANKFUL for past favors respectfully inform their friends and the public, that they continue the TAILORING business, at the old stand, and solicit a continuance of the public patronage. Work done in the shortest time possible. ☞The New York and Philadelphia Fall and Winter Fashions have just been received.

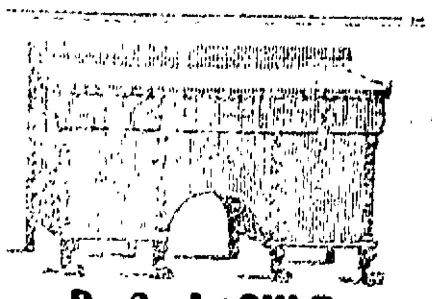
Oct. 20.

WINTER IS COMING,

BUT the Jew is ready for him! He has now on hand and is daily making up

Cloaks Sack-coats, Over-coats, Pantaloons,

Vests, Carrying Shirts, and Roundabouts of all sorts and sizes, of the best materials, and in the best of styles, which he can and will sell as cheap and cheaper than any body else in the County.



D. & J. CULP,

Cabinet and Chair-Makers,

Baltimore Street, a few doors above Fahnestock's Store,

WOULD respectfully beg leave to inform their old customers and the public generally, that they still continue to manufacture, and have constantly on hand a large and elegant assortment of FURNITURE, such as

BUREAUS,

CENTRE, SIDE, DINING, & BREAKFAST

TABLES,

French, Half French, and Common

BEDSTEADS,

CUPBOARDS & SAFES,

Work, Wash, Candle & Toilet Stands, &c.

ALSO,

SETTEES AND CHAIRS,

of every description—and all other articles of Furniture in the House keeping line.

☞COFFINS

made to order, on the shortest notice, and on the most reasonable terms.

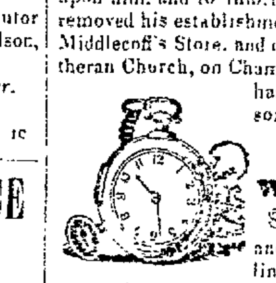
☞Thankful for past favors, and with a desire to please all who may favor them with a call, they hope to receive a liberal share of the public patronage.

Gettysburg, Feb. 2. 3m

REMOVAL.

ALEX. FRAZER

TAKES this method to return his thanks for the liberal patronage heretofore bestowed upon him, and to inform the public that he has removed his establishment to the room adjoining Middlecoff's Store, and opposite the English Lutheran Church, on Chambersburg street, where he has on hand a very fine assortment of



CLOCKS,

Watches, Jewelry SPECTACLES,

and every thing else in his line, and at such prices as cannot fail to please. His stock has recently been enlarged, and he asks all persons who may want Clocks, Watches, Spectacles, Ear Rings, Finger Rings; Breast Pins, Watch Chains and Guards, Watch Keys, &c., to give him a call.

☞Clocks and Watches REPAIRED, as usual, at short notice; also Spectacle Glasses changed.

Gettysburg, April 21. tf

GETTYSBURG MARBLE YARD.

H. & W. B. MEALS

STILL continue the MARBLE CUTTING BUSINESS, at their old stand in Carlisle street a few doors north of the Diamond, Gettysburg, Pa., and will furnish every thing in their line, such as

MARBLE MANTLES, TABLE TOPS, Monuments, Tombs & Head Stones,

of the finest and handsomest Italian and Vermont Marble, of which they have just procured a large stock, and feel competent to dress it in a style which cannot but please. The charges too will be as low as the city prices. Orders from a distance promptly executed.

July 28. 6m

COACH MAKING.

THE subscriber, thankful for past favors, respectfully informs the public, that he continues the *COACH-MAKING BUSINESS*, in all its various branches, at his Old Stand in York street, (formerly Buckingham's) where he has on hand, and will manufacture to order,

CARRIAGES,

Buggies, Jersey Wagons, &c.

all of the best materials, and by the best of workmen. ☞Call and judge for yourselves.

LEONARD STOUGH.

Gettysburg, April 20. tf

2,000 LADIES

ARE willing to certify that the HATHAWAY COOKING STOVE is the very best Stove now in use, inasmuch as they will do more Cooking, Roasting and Baking, and do it with less labor, and last as long again as any other stove now sold. These celebrated stoves are constantly kept for sale at a very reduced price, at the

GETTYSBURG FOUNDRY

AND MACHINE SHOP,

Where the subscribers feeling determined to suit all persons, have also the Parlor, Sexton's Baltimore Air-tight, Peakskell, and Cabinet Cook Stove, and Air-tight and Ten plate Parlor Stoves, of the most beautiful patterns.

The Seyler Ploughs,

which cannot be surpassed for lightness of draught or in the character of their work, are constantly on hand for sale, and in view of the fact that the Mouldboard of these Ploughs is one fourth heavier than that of other ploughs, it is decidedly the cheapest that can be obtained.

☞WITHEROW PLOUGHS and others, Castings for the Woodcock Plough, Wind-mill machinery, Castings and Hollow-ware, with every article usually made at Foundries can be obtained here.

☞Blacksmithing and Shoe Making as usual.

T. WARREN & SON.

Dec. 15. tf

TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE

Hanover Branch Rail-Road Company.

THE Stockholders of the "Hanover Branch Railroad Company," are hereby notified that they are required to pay

FIVE DOLLARS,

on each share of stock subscribed by them, on or before *the 3d day of March next*, to the undersigned, at the office of the "Hanover Savings Institution."

The Stockholders, residing in Petersburg and vicinity, are authorized to pay their subscriptions to WILLIAM GARDNER, merchant, in Petersburg; those in Littlestown and vicinity, to HENRY SWARTZ, merchant, in Littlestown.

Certificates of Stock, signed by the President and Treasurer, will be left with the above named persons, who will deliver them to the Stockholders.

It is the intention of the Board to require no other payments of Five Dollars on each share of stock, until all is paid.

By order of the Board,
JACOB FORNEY, *Prest.*

M. E. TROXEL, *Treasurer.*

Feb. 2. td

NOTICE.

PERSONS knowing themselves to be indebted to me of long standing, will take notice to call and pay up—otherwise their accounts will be placed in the hands of a proper officer for collection.

ABRAHAM ARNOLD.

Dec. 22. tf

Printing of every description.

Neatly and expeditiously executed at this Office.

NewspaperARCHIVE.com

THE ADAMS SENTINEL AND GENERAL ADVERTISER.

From the National Intelligencer, Feb. 10.

Presentation of a Medal to Mr. Clay.

This very gratifying interview took place, by appointment, yesterday, at Mr. Clay's lodgings at the National Hotel. The Committee charged with this welcome duty were deputed from Mr. Clay's New York friends, political and personal, who had prepared this volunteer offering in token of their appreciation of the services rendered by the illustrious statesman to his country and mankind.

They were admitted to his chamber at three o'clock, and were received with that graceful urbanity for which Mr. Clay is so distinguished. After a short pause, during which the company privileged to be present on the occasion were invited to be seated, Mr. Daniel Ullmann, Chairman of the Committee, rose and delivered the following Address:

Citizens of New York to Henry Clay.

SIR: During the half century of your public life, your admiring countrymen and friends have accumulated around you many warm testimonials and enduring memorials of your great services to your country and mankind. To add to these another is the purpose for which we now come to you.

In the name and behalf of a large number of citizens of New York we offer you this gold medal, and beg your acceptance of it, to be preserved in your family and by their descendants we hope for ages.

It has been our effort to make it valuable as a work of art, (of an art but little practiced in our country,) and as a perfect resemblance of your lineaments. We think that this effort has been successful; that no medal ever struck in this country surpasses it in beauty, and that it is the best likeness of your features ever yet attempted by any art. In this, and in numerous casts from the same die, the form and expression of your countenance will be faithfully transmitted to distant posterity. And as "recorded honors shall thicken over" you, and "generations yet unborn do homage to your memory," this memorial will increase in value, and be fondly cherished, as are now the like images of Cicero and Brutus, not only by the antiquary and historian, but by all whom patriotism and eloquence can kindle to admiration.

All national medals hitherto struck in this country have been commemorative of the triumphs of American arms, but

"Peace hath her victories
No less renowned than war"

Then let the triumphs of peace have their memorial honors too. And let the first American victor of peace, thus commemorated, be the man who, for a whole age, has ranked as the first citizen of the Great Republic.

DANIEL ULLMAN,
CHAS. M. LEUPP,
JOS. M. PRICE,
A. G. PECKHAM,
SMITH J. EASTMAN,
Committee.

The manner of the delivery of this Address could not be exceeded in grace, emphasis, or appropriate feeling.

Mr. Clay received the address standing, with the deepest attention, and then proceeded to observe that, although it had been his habit, in addressing public bodies, larger or smaller, to speak extemporaneously, he had been induced, on this occasion, as well out of profound respect to the Committee, as in regard to his feeble state of health, to depart from his ordinary practice and reduce his reply to writing. He then read, in a firm though somewhat feeble voice, the following reply:

GENTLEMEN: This is among the most interesting and gratifying days of my life, although I have been confined to these rooms for a long time by a tedious and doubtful illness. You have come here, the representatives of a large and enlightened body of ardent and devoted friends of mine in the city of New York, to present to me a beautiful and costly gold medal, intended to commemorate my public life. On one face of it is engraved all the great public measures adopted in the National Councils in which I was supposed to have had any conspicuous agency, and on the other a remarkable and accurate likeness of me. The time and the place of presentation, and the friends who have contributed this splendid testimonial, give to it an inestimable value. The time is when I am about to retire forever from public life, and when I cannot expect much longer to linger here below; the place is the city of Washington, the principal theatre of those public services which have commended themselves to your approbation. Throughout my public life I have been blessed, everywhere in the United States, with more or fewer friends, to whom I am bound by the strongest sentiments of gratitude; but nowhere have they surpassed those in the city of New York in zeal, constancy, and fidelity, and in distinguished and various demonstrations of their affection and attachment. Whilst one is in the ardent pursuit of public life, and is held up for its highest honors, it is not practicable always to discriminate, among his supporters, between those who bestow their suffrages from pure, patriotic, and disinterested motives, and those who are actuated by selfish ends; but on this occasion no such difficulty exists. You have come, at much personal inconvenience, to the bed of a sick and afflicted friend, to present to him, in your names and in the name of a numerous body of his personal and political friends, whom you represent, a most precious token of your esteem and affectionate regard — That friend has not now, and never will have, any public patronage to dispense — The high and honorable and disinterested character of your motives cannot, therefore, be questioned.

Gentlemen, I request you to accept yourselves, and to communicate to my absent friends whom you represent, my cordial and heartfelt thanks, and my grateful and profound acknowledgments, for this rich tribute to the sentiments which they do me the honor to entertain towards me. I should have been most happy to have expressed my grateful [illegible] to all of them personally, if it had been in my power.

I shall soon pass from the [illegible] of my contemporaries, and of the present generation to that of [illegible] if the one shall deem [illegible] on its pages, or [illegible] recollection of me [illegible]

It is not within my [illegible] to express any opinion [illegible] career or public deeds. That [illegible] to them, and I shall consider my future fame fortunate if it shall be [illegible] them with a small portion of the [illegible] which the partiality of yourselves and [illegible] associates now contemplate it.

I shall soon appear before a higher and more holy tribunal than any earthly one, which can unerringly judge of the motives as well as the acts of man. To that tribunal I look forward with composure and confidence that I shall be acquitted of having ever been prompted, in the discharge of my public duties, by any mean or sordid or selfish ends, or been animated by any other purpose than to promote the honor, the prosperity, and glory of our common country.

Medals are generally struck by the authority and paid for out of the public Treasury of Government, and most frequently are intended to reward and signalize the triumphs achieved in war. But that which you now so kindly tender to my acceptance is the spontaneous offering of private citizens, from their private purses, for public services exclusively in the civil department. I shall fondly and gratefully cherish and preserve it whilst life endures, and transmit it to my descendants under the hope that they will receive and carefully guard it, with emotions of lively gratitude to my New York friends, as the proudest and richest legacy that I could leave them.

During the delivery of this beautiful and appropriate reply the most perfect silence pervaded the chamber; every eye was fixed on the tall and commanding form so long known to the public, but respect and admiration were mingled with a tender regret on witnessing the evident struggle between the unimpaired vigor of the mind and the feebleness of its now emaciated and shaken tenement. Yet the eye still glittered with unsubdued lustre, and at times the tones of his voice rose into an emphasis which reminded one of ancient days.

The manuscript having been laid aside, Mr. Clay proceeded to a more minute examination of the Medal, at which he had, previous to replying, cursorily glanced. It is of pure California gold, massive and weighty, and is enclosed in a silver case, which opens with a hinge in the manner of a hunting watch. On the face of the medal is a fine head of Mr. Clay, most felicitous in the likeness, and conveying the characteristic impression of his features in a higher degree than any of the busts or medallions usually seen. The relief is very high, and must have required a pressure of immense power to give it faithfulness, sharpness, and delicacy of outline. The reverse exhibits the following inscription:

SENATE,
1806.
SPEAKER 1811.
WAR OF 1812 WITH GREAT BRITAIN.
GHENT 1814.
SPANISH AMERICA 1822.
MISSOURI COMPROMISE 1821.
AMERICAN SYSTEM 1824.
GREECE 1824.
SECRETARY OF STATE 1825.
PANAMA INSTRUCTIONS 1826.
TARIFF COMPROMISE
1833.
PUBLIC DOMAIN 1833—1841.
PEACE WITH FRANCE PRESERVED 1835.
COMPROMISE 1850.

The lines are supported on either hand by tasteful wreaths, in which the six chief American staples, wheat, corn, cotton, tobacco, rice and hemp, are very happily intertwined.

On the silver case is represented on one side a view of the Capitol, (with its contemplated additional wings fully displayed;) and on the other, in two distinct compartments above, an elevation of the great commemorative Monument on the Cumberland road; below, a view of Ashland and its mansion.

Mr Clay expressed a favorable opinion of the head, as giving his features with great truthfulness, but playfully remarked that he did not know before that his nose was quite so prominent; and then added, in allusion to the great intrinsic value of the medal from its material, "Who can tell but, fifty or a hundred years hence, some Goth may get hold of this and say the nose of this old dead fellow will serve to buy a great many things that I want, and may carry it off? However, it is a capital likeness, I think." The artists, said Mr. C., have not generally succeeded well in taking my features, but that has been in a great measure my own fault; for my face never retains long the same expression, and, especially when I am under any excitement, it changes every moment. John Randolph once paid me a high compliment, not intentionally—for he seldom complimented any man—but, without intending it, he paid me what I esteem one of the highest compliments I ever received. He said that whenever a debate is coming on, if I can get a sight of Mr. Clay's face, I can always tell which side he is going to take.

This transition from the grave to the gay is so characteristic of Mr. Clay that no one who has seen him in his hours of confidence can fail to be reminded by it of many an association that, while it kindles a smile, will be followed but too soon by a sigh.

The medal does the highest honor to the talents and skill of the artist, who, we understand, is Mr. Wright of New York.

The President of the United States honored the interview by his presence, and was an attentive and apparently a gratified auditor of both addresses. There were present, besides, the following gentlemen:—Hon. James C. Jones, Hon. Mr. Underwood, Hon. Presley Ewing, Dr. [illegible], Gov. Fish, Hon. James Brooks, Hon. George Briggs; all the members of the New York Committee, viz: Daniel Ullman, Joseph M. Price, Charles M. Leupp, A. G. Peckham, [illegible] Eastman, Esquires; D. L. Peters, Nicholas Carroll, C. B. Calvert, Franck Taylor, H. Clay Roelmen, F. R. Fendall, and A. J. Stansbury.

Clay and Lafayette.—The Washington correspondent of the Savannah Georgian, writing in reference to the reception of Kossuth by the House of Representatives, says:

By the way, I heard an interesting anecdote of Clay and Lafayette, which, perhaps, has got out long since. I got it from good authority. It appears that Mr. Clay wrote to answer himself, that Lafayette gave to Mr. Clay's beautiful speech on the occasion of Lafayette's reception by the House. [illegible] [illegible] and [illegible] Lafayette's speech was [illegible] [illegible] Mr. Clay's was [illegible]

☞The steamer Daniel Webster arrived at New York on Thursday, bringing 121 passengers and [illegible] from California to the [illegible] Her passage is [illegible] from San Francisco in less than 27 days.— There is nothing of interest.

THE ADAMS SENTINEL.
[illegible]
Monday, February 16th, 1852.

WHIG COUNTY MEETING.

THE Whig Voters of the County of Adams, are requested to assemble at the Court-house in Gettysburg, *on Tuesday the 2d day of March next*, at 1 o'clock, P. M., to select Delegates to represent them in a Whig State Convention, which will be held at Harrisburg on the 25th day of March next, for the nomination of a Canal Commissioner, an Electoral Ticket, and Delegates to the National Convention.

A. R. STEVENSON,
Chairman Whig County Committee.

Feb 16.

Coroner.

Dr. CAUFMAN, of Petersburg, (Y. S.) who was, last fall, elected Coroner of Adams county, lifted his commission last week, and entered upon the duties of his office.

Mr. Stevens.

A rumor was current a week ago, that Mr. STEVENS was lying dangerously ill; but we are pleased to learn, from the Lancaster Whig of Tuesday last, that his health has considerably improved, that he was in Court the day previous, and would resume his duties at Washington in a few days.

☞There is in circulation here a very large quantity of counterfeit $1 notes on the Lancaster Bank, and it would be well for our citizens to be on their guard, as some of them are not easily detected.

☞Among those appointed Aids-de-camp to the Governor, with the rank of Lieutenant Col., we observe the name of FREDERICK A. SHOWER, of Philadelphia, formerly of Gettysburg.

More Specie Going.

The steamer Niagara sailed from New York for Liverpool on Wednesday last, with nearly *one million of dollars in specie!*— What is to be the end of all this?

☞Two men were arrested in Philadelphia on Wednesday and identified as the two Polish refugees, against whom suspicion rested as the murderers of young Lehman, the pedler boy. They were living in a house near the Southwark Canal, and although they had paid a month's rent in advance, were in the act of moving away when arrested by the officers. Some of the jewelry known to have been in the possession of Lehman, was found in the cellar of the house, and one of the prisoners has been identified as pawning a ring the day after the murder, which is identified by the father of the murdered boy. The third man, named Kaser, is still at large. The two in custody are named Skupinsky.

"Man's Inhumanity to Man."

The coroner of Philadelphia held an inquest on Monday night, upon the body of an unknown colored man, who had died from small pox by the road side. He was without shoes and very scantily clad, and had been wandering about for several days previous, insane from the effects of fever, but the fear of contagion had prevented any of the neighbors from affording him any relief. Like the Leper of old, he was shut out from the sympathy or charity of his kind, and finally perished by the road side!

☞A meeting of the friends of DANIEL WEBSTER to nominate him for the Presidency, is to take place in the City of New York on the 5th of March. There will probably be a similar movement there, about the same time, in favor of Gen. Scott.

☞The Rev. JOHN G. MORRIS, D. D. commemorated the close of the twenty-fifth year of his ministry, by an appropriate sermon on Sunday the 1st inst. in the Lutheran Church, Lexington street, Baltimore, of which he is pastor.

☞Sarah Gatler, the girl convicted of causing the death of the child of Mr. Miller, of Lancaster, by giving it needles and pins, has been sentenced to an imprisonment of four years in the penitentiary.

☞It is said that the 40,000 muskets that Kossuth has purchased are a part of those sold by the Government at the close of the Mexican War.

☞The passenger train from Pittsburg to Philadelphia, made the run from city to city on Thursday last, in 27 hours!

☞Four free negroes from Massachusetts, who were tried and convicted at Galveston, Texas, for attempting to abduct a slave, were sent and sold themselves to slavery, in consequence of their inability to pay the fines, and were sold publicly to the highest bidder. That was rather a bad speculation for them.

Whig State Convention.—The Whig State Central Committee, through their President, Hon. Ner Middleswarth, give notice of the meeting of the State Convention in Harrisburg on the 25th of March [illegible] for the purpose of nominating a Canal Commissioner, forming an electoral ticket, and choosing delegates to the National Convention.

The President of France has received an autograph letter from Prince President Louis Napoleon, announcing that he had been called to the head of the Government by the voice of the people, and that he desired to cultivate friendly relations with the U. States.

Medal to Mr. Clay.

The account published in another column, of the presentation of an elegant and costly gold medal to Mr. Clay, in Washington on Monday, will be read with deep interest.— It was the gift of citizens of New York, political and personal friends of the venerable and patriotic Statesman, and was presented in token of their sense of his important public services and elevated private character. The medal, it is stated, cost upwards of three thousand dollars, and was more than eighteen months in the hands of the artist. It was a fitting compliment, handsomely paid, and pre-eminently well merited.

☞Hon. JOHN F. CRAMPTON, at present Charge from England at Washington, has been appointed Her Majesty's Minister Plenipotentiary to the U. States. It is presumed full powers will be delegated to him to adjust the difficulties in regard to the Nicaragua Treaty.

☞The British Ministry has received the official report of their Admiral, *confirming* the representations made by our Minister, Mr. Lawrence, concerning the outrage committed by the British sloop of war Express firing upon the American brig Prometheus, and has approved the conduct of the Admiral in ordering the Captain of the Express off the station. Lord Granville disavowed the act to Mr. Lawrence as a violation of the existing treaty; and said that under such circumstances it was becoming in a great nation to make an honorable apology. The correspondence on this subject will be sent to Congress immediately.

P. S. The Prometheus papers were communicated to Congress on Wednesday, and they show that the case is adjusted in the most satisfactory manner. We also learn that all questions with Spain, growing out of the Cuban invasion, are amicably settled: that John Thrasher is pardoned and released; and that the Spanish Consul has returned to New Orleans, and there met a courteous reception. The management of all these questions by Mr. Webster has been remarkably discreet, and entirely successful.

☞The resolutions offered in the Senate of the U. States by Mr. Clarke, of R. I., reaffirming the doctrine of non-intervention, have been the principal subject of debate during the past week. On Monday, Mr. Clarke addressed the Senate in support of them, and defended his position by copious extracts from the writings of Washington, Jefferson, Polk, Webster, and others. On Tuesday, Gen. Cass read a speech on the subject, which he had very carefully prepared. He had no idea, he said, of going to *war* for Hungary, or for intervening by force of arms any where in Europe. He merely wishes the U. States to make a public declaration of opinion on the acts of European Governments as far as these infringe on the laws of nations, in order that the silence of America may not be construed into acquiescence. "Now," says the correspondent of the North American, "if any body can be humbugged by this sort of equivocation and dodging, he deserves to be pitied, if not to be despised. What are protests without power to enforce them? We may declare and declare till doomsday, if words are the only arguments to vindicate our professed principles. These expedients are unworthy of the position occupied by Gen. Cass; since, while they are intended to mislead and to acquire popularity, they are utterly valueless for any substantial purpose."

☞In the House of Representatives, on Wednesday, a most exciting debate took place between Mr. Giddings, of Ohio, and Mr. Stanly, of N. C., which lasted for an hour and a half, and involved the most gross personalities and a discussion of slavery.

☞Information has been received at the Department of State, at Washington, from Madrid, that the Queen of Spain has extended a pardon to Mr. John S. Thrasher, who was convicted at Cuba, and given orders for his immediate release.

☞Advices have been received from Mexico to the 24th ult. The Mexican Congress had assembled at the Capital, and been opened in due form. The message of President Arista represents the state of affairs of the country as most deplorable; and from the facts stated, it is evident that Mexico has narrowly escaped a war with England, in consequence of the non-payment of the debt due.

☞A correspondent of the New York Times, writing from the City of Mexico, says that Santa Anna has never relinquished his hopes of being again the Dictator of Mexico, and that he is even now contemplating another revolutionary stroke at an early day. It is thought probable that he will make his descent at Acapulco—where all the officials are his friends. Gen. Alvarez, the Governor, is a firm friend of Santa Anna, and a bitter enemy of President Arista. He has plenty of arms, and can call into the field 17,000 Indians any moment.

☞Counterfeit $5 gold pieces have been put into circulation, purporting to be issued in California in 1849. One man, while in New York, had $75 of this base metal imposed upon him.

☞The York Advocate says that Martin Ebert, Esq., disposed of a Tract of land, containing 202 acres, to Michael Snyder, for $20,[illegible], cash, situated about three miles from York.

J. H. Hershey, Esq., sold 120 acres of land for $20,000. This land lies about seven miles east of the same place.

LATE FROM EUROPE.

ADVANCE IN BREADSTUFFS & COTTON.

The steamer Pacific arrived at New York on Thursday, bringing Liverpool dates to the 28th of January.

There was another small advance in the price of Breadstuffs and Cotton. Baltimore flour was bringing 22s. 6d. and 23s.

The impression is gaining ground in Paris, that Louis Napoleon will seek an early opportunity to provoke a war with England, and the English Government, apprehending an invasion, is making extensive preparations, and preparing for the national defence. 30,000 stands of arms had been ordered from Birmingham, and 25,000 troops to London. Several ships of war had also been ordered back to England. Arrests were still going on in France, by Louis Napoleon. The French Ministry has been, at last, definitely constituted.

☞The news by the last steamers has had the effect of advancing the price of Flour in the cities; and it will be seen by our price current, that at Baltimore it was bringing, on Friday evening, $4.31 to 4.37½. This is good news to the farmer, and indeed to the whole community—for when breadstuffs bring a good price, every branch of business feels the benefit of it.

☞Hon. JAMES COOPER and Hon. H. M. FULLER, will accept our thanks for documents forwarded.

☞A bill was introduced into the House of Representatives of this State, on Thursday last, to incorporate the Oxford Railroad company.

Sudden Death.

Mr Samuel Cook, of Quincy township, Franklin county, was found dead in his mill on Sunday morning the 8th inst. He had eaten his supper as usual, and about 8 o'clock retired to his mill, to grind a short time, when he would shut down for the night. Not returning by 12 o'clock, Mrs. Cook went to the mill, and found him lying dead, it is supposed from apoplexy. He was in his 51st year. He leaves a widow and five children. About the time he was discovered, a physician called to apprise the family of the death of Mrs CATHARINE ESSICK, an elder sister of Mr Cook. She had also eaten her supper with the family the same evening, and was engaged in knitting as late as 8 o'clock. She was in her 68th year, and had raised a large and interesting family.

☞*Good.*—A few evenings ago, a fellow at Cumberland, Md., (who was recognized afterwards to be a Dr. Emerick, formerly of Wellersburg, Pa.) insulted some young ladies on the street of that town, and was immediately knocked down by a gentleman who was near at the time. He was also taken before a justice, who fined him $10 and costs. Not paying his fine, he was committed to jail. The next morning he paid his reckoning and left. This will probably be a lesson for the scamp.

☞The railroad track over the Susquehanna at Havre-de-Grace, on the ice, had not been removed on Thursday last, and the ice seemed as solid as ever. The freight car and passengers crossed that day in perfect safety. As the weather has again become cold, it is probable this novel rail-road may continue some days yet.

☞*Horrible!*—On Tuesday night last, a man named James Cavanagh, living near Minersville, Schuylkill county, tried to kill his wife by stabbing her. Failing in this, the wretch seized his child, and threw it into the fire, and burnt it to death. He was arrested, and is now in jail.

☞KOSSUTH was in Cincinnati last week. He has declined several invitations to address societies, and intended making but one or two speeches, during his stay in that city, which would be 10 or 12 days.

☞Mr. John Schneldy, who was severely stabbed at Sharpsburg, Md., on the 4th inst., by Mr. Van Lear, is said to be rapidly recovering.

☞Lewis Coleman, colored, has been arrested in Philadelphia, charged with causing the death by poison of nineteen cows and two horses, belonging to Mr. Sellers Hoffman.

☞One of the best jokes of the season, is the statement that one of the candidates for Governor in New Hampshire, who is "stumping the State," got some thirty miles into Canada, making speeches to the liege subjects of Queen Victoria, before he knew he was out of his own "bailiwick."

☞Gen. Bickel, State Treasurer, has promptly met the February interest, thus preserving unsullied the credit of our good old Commonwealth.

Interesting to Witnesses.—Judge Sharswood, of the District Court, Philadelphia, has decided that a witness is bound to attend court, after he has been subpoenaed, without being paid in advance for his services. The witness who elicited the decision was a member of the bar, who stated that he was often annoyed by subpoenas to testify, and he wished to test the question, whether he was bound to attend without being first paid. The court said he was; that he must answer the subpoena of the court, pay or no pay, and look to the party calling him for payment afterwards.

☞It is stated in an Irish paper that the revenues of the Irish priesthood have been reduced more than 50 per cent. by the combined operation of emigration and poverty.

Washington's Birth Day.

The proposition to commemorate the approaching birth-day of Washington with such peculiar and appropriate observance as may be suitable to an occasion so worthy of remembrance, meets with general acquiescence, says the Baltimore American, and we are pleased to perceive is heartily seconded by the press in all sections of the country. It has been a matter of regret that each recurrence of this anniversary has seemed to lessen the degree of observance and respect accorded to it, and it is to be desired that the circumstances which at present point to the propriety of some popular and universal manifestation of interest in the day and the associations connected with it, will be everywhere admitted, and all join heartily and cordially in such tokens of public gratitude and rejoicing, as may be suitable to so august an occasion—serving alike, whilst honoring the dead, to recall those actions of valor and wisdom and lessons of foresight and prudence, which were left by the patriot sires of the Revolution for the guidance and security of the Republic.

The suggestion that the papers throughout the country shall publish on the morning of the 23d, (the 22d falling on Sunday) Washington's Farewell Address, and that the same shall be publicly read in all the cities, towns, and villages, seems to be favorably received as an appropriate feature of the commemoration, and will probably be generally complied with.

☞The present winter seems, according to all accounts, to have been hitherto quite as severe in Europe as it has been in America. Even the countries tending towards the tropics have been favored with an Icelandic winter. The very neighborhood of Madrid has recently been visited by a snow storm more severe than was ever before witnessed there. The snow fell for three days, and blocked up the roads. The diligences from Segovia, Valladolid, Salamanca, the Asturias and Galicia, were obliged to come to a stand still at Guadaxara, about thirty miles from the capital. So many private carriages stopped there that every house was filled. Never was such an influx seen before, and the inhabitants were in the greatest consternation for fear the supply of provisions should give out. To make the matter worse, the King, who had been hunting in the forest, sought refuge in the town with a retinue of some hundreds more — But they were set at work to clear a passage to Madrid, through the banks and drifts; and then King, diligences, private carriages and all, left Guadaxara by the highway, thus improvised, through the snow.

In Switzerland, too, the winter is more inhospitable than usual. The Lake of Zurich is frozen over. The river Sarine is frozen at Friburg, except where it is very rapid. What is remarkable is that the cold is said to be less intense upon the mountains than in the valleys. The temperature is milder in the Gruyere than at Friburg, and at Altorf than in the slopes of St. Gothard and the neighboring mountains.

☞The Boston Transcript of Monday afternoon says that the sleighing continues fine in that quarter—that being the fifty-second successive day in which all the omnibus lines in the city and vicinity have been upon runners.

☞Mr Saunders, of the firm of Saunders & Wheeler, in Danvers, Mass., fell dead on Thursday week, from over exertion in shovelling snow from the pavement!

☞A man named Pierre Cazeau, has been convicted at New Orleans, of setting his own house on fire, and been sentenced to the penitentiary *for life!*

☞The Frederick Examiner says that the fruit and ornamental trees in that county, almost without exception, are injured to some extent by the blighting effects of the severe cold weather this winter.

☞It is stated that during the last three years the wives of nine men have been brought to the Massachusetts State Lunatic Asylum, at Worcester, in consequence of their husbands going to California.

☞A law has been passed in Wurtemburg, Germany, to the effect that no citizen shall be permitted to contract marriage till he brings proofs to the authorities, that he is possessed, if not of a competency, yet of the means of supporting a wife.

☞The banished Representatives of France have generally, it is said, sold all their property in France, and apparently quitted the country forever.

☞M. Thiers having written to Louis Napoleon for permission to return to France, promising to abstain from politics, the President sent him in reply a copy of a passage in Thiers' history of the revolution, wherein he censures the Emperor for not having expelled several of his political adversaries as a measure of security.

☞The House of Representatives of Ohio, on the 5th instant, refused to pay the expenses of M. Kossuth, while on a visit to that State. A resolution, directing an appropriation for this purpose, was laid on the table in that body, by a vote of 45 yeas to 29 nays.

☞The Athens (Ga.) Herald says that the gold fever has played sad havoc with the male population in upper Georgia this winter, and understands that in Lumpkin county, there are scarcely enough of men left to take care of the women and children.

☞It is reported that about ninety slaves, in one gang, made their escape from Kanawha county, Va., recently.

Escape of Counterfeiters.

Two counterfeiters, named John Ebans and Wm. Thompson, taking advantage of the storm of wind and rain on Tuesday night, succeeded in making their escape from that strong prison, the Moyamensing jail, Philadelphia. They were committed on the 14th of December, for passing counterfeit $20 notes on the State Bank of Ohio, and about one dozen of indictments, from which there was no probability of escaping conviction, were pending against them. The following, says the North American, were the means and manner of their escape:

"Implements and contrivances, exactly suited to their purpose, consisting of a saw, crow-bar, sledge-hammer, rope, hook, &c., were secretly conveyed to them by some unknown visitor to their cell, which was No. 78, south range, first corridor. The implements were hid under a board of the floor of the cell, and in their bed.

With the saw they partially cut in two both sides of the thick and massive iron window frame (the heavy panes of glass having been previously taken out) and then broke the sill in twain with blows of the sledge-hammer. Next, with the crowbar, they prized out by main force the separated portions of the frame, snapping them off at the places where the saw was applied, like a pipe-stem. The most formidable obstacle thus removed, they knocked out the solid masonry, until they made an aperture thro' the wall, big enough to admit their bodies.

A fruit tree that grew immediately under the window facilitated their exit and descent to the ground. With the rope and hook, and the rounds of a chair, they had contrived a complete hanging ladder. They went to the lower end of the yard, and sealed the western enclosure wall, which is about twenty-five feet high.

A hand-cart was put under the wall, and a bench placed on it. Standing on this bench, they threw the hook of their rope-ladder over the wall and secured it to the wooden coping. They then ascended to the top of the wall with their ladder, and let themselves down on the outside upon a heap of earth, deposited there by dirt carts."

Liberia.

Advices have been received from Liberia to Dec. 10.

It appears that an attack was made in November, by some of the native chiefs, upon a little village, called Fishtown, and nine of the inhabitants massacred, and the town sacked and burned. Another attack was made on Bassa Cove, but they were repulsed with a loss of 40 killed, among whom are several leading chiefs. President Roberts is determined to punish the authors of the late outrage as the surest way to secure peace for the future. The American Colonization Society, it is said, has voted the sum of $10,000, should it be required, to aid in the defence of Liberia against the attacks of the savage tribes. The Society has also adopted measures to obtain additional arms and warlike resources.

The Death Penalty.—The Senate Committee in the Rhode Island Legislature has reported a bill abolishing the penalty of death, and substituting imprisonment for life. At the same time, says the Providence Journal, it guards against the abuse of the pardoning power by a provision that no person sentenced to imprisonment for life, or for a term of not less than five years, shall be released, except upon the concurrent vote of three-fourths of all the members elected to each house of the General Assembly.

P. S. The Senate has passed the bill by a majority of three.

☞In Baltimore, on Monday afternoon, a woman about thirty years of age, and respectably attired in mourning, fell down upon the sidewalk, in Pine, near Baltimore street, in consequence of intoxication. It was a sad and sorrowful exhibition of female degradation, which will be long remembered by those who gathered around and seated her on the steps of a house near by.

☞The Philadelphia papers chronicle the death of Mr. Adam Eckfeldt, an aged and highly respectable resident of that city. He was for nearly half a century one of the chief officers of the United States Mint, and made many important improvements in the operative machinery of that establishment, which have since been generally adopted both in this country and Europe.

Execution.—Charles Steingrave was hung at Ashland, Ohio, on the 30th ult., in the presence of 10,000 persons, for the murdering of Miss Clarinda Vantilburg, aged 16 years. He had one wife living in Pennsylvania and another in Ohio.

☞A terrible accident occurred on the line of the Great Western Railroad, Canada, on the 2d inst. A bank of earth and stone fell in, burying ten men who were at work under it. But one man was saved—the rest being crushed and mutilated in a horrible manner.

☞The Perth (Scotland) Courier asserts that the Perthshire poachers are catching hares by laying sponges saturated in chloroform beside their food.

☞The railroad between Zanesville and Newark, Ohio, has been completed, and there is, therefore, now a continuous railroad from Zanesville, through Newark, Mount Vernon and Mansfield, to Sandusky City on Lake Erie.

☞A colored man named Charles Lenox, who has, for many years, been the porter at Harvard College, Cambridge, Mass., fell dead a few days ago. He leaves an estate of $20,000.

Recognition of the Independence of Liberia by Prussia.—President Roberts, of Liberia, has received from the Prussian Minister at the Court of St. James a despatch containing a formal recognition of the independence of Liberia by his Government.

NewspaperARCHIVE.com

RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES OF ADAMS COUNTY FOR 1851.

Commissioners' Office, Adams County, Pennsylvania.

AGREEABLY to an Act of Assembly, entitled "An Act to raise County Rates and Levies," requiring the Commissioners of the respective Counties to publish a Statement of the RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES yearly—We, the Commissioners of Taxes for said County, do REPORT as follows, to wit:—*From the seventh day of January, A. D.* 1851, *to the sixth day of January, A. D.* 1852—both days included:—

SAMUEL FAHNESTOCK, Esq. Treasurer, and the COMMISSIONERS, in account with the County of Adams, as follows, to wit:

DR.

		DOLLS. CTS.	
To Outstanding County Tax and Quit Rents in hands of Collectors,			3,090 55
County Rates and Levies Assessed for 1851, *viz.:*			
Borough of Gettysburg,		1,018 66	
Do. Quit Rents,		177 50	
Cumberland Township,		896 36	
Germany	"	605 64	
Oxford	"	835 10	
Huntington	"	887 45	
Latimore	"	549 35	
Hamiltonban	"	981 81	
Liberty	"	491 01	
Hamilton	"	740 72	
Menallen	"	625 84	
Straban	"	872 79	
Franklin	"	897 50	
Conowago	"	740 15	
Tyrone	"	480 36	
Mount Joy	"	602 65	
Mount Pleasant	"	949 67	
Reading	"	860 46	
Berwick	"	387 25	
Freedom	"	817 96	
Union	"	754 47	
Butler	"	602 61	
			15,275 37
Cash received upon sundry Loans,			5,750 00
Fine received from Henry Chronister,			50 00
Abatement on State Tax, Harrisburg,			673 68
Received from Sheriff, for Jury Fees,			24 00
Additional Tax,			9 20
Costs for Inquisition,			17 04
Errors and Taxes refunded, 1850,			96 82
" " " 1851,			27 04
			$25,913 70

☞ *The Outstanding County Tax and Quit Rents appear to be in the hands of the following Collectors, viz.:*

YEARS.	COLLECTORS.	TOWNSHIPS.	
1848.	John G. Frey,	Borough of Gettysburg,	52 36
1849.	Jacob Adams,	Conowago,	73 86
1850.	Leonard McElwee,	Huntington,	101 99
"	Samuel Studebecker,	Tyrone,	56 73
1851.	Samuel Weaver,	Borough of Gettysburg,	268 66
"	Joseph Barker,	Germany,	105 64
"	David Schriver,	Cumberland,	103 09
"	Joseph J. Smith,	Oxford,	146 16
"	Joseph Trimmer,	Huntington,	117 45
"	Aaron Cox,*	Latimore,	64 35
"	Martin Getz,†	Hamilton,	100 72
"	Philip Donohue,†	Straban,	111 52
"	Hugh Garrett,	Tyrone,	68 36
"	Andrew Smith,†	Mountpleasant,	114 67
"	John Felty,*	Berwick,	62 25
"	Joshua Brown,	Freedom,	20 27
"	Henry Slaybaugh,	Butler,	86 61
			$1,654 69

*Since paid in full. †Since paid in part.

CR.

	DOLLS. CTS.
By Orders paid out as follows, to wit:	
Auditing and Settling Public Accounts,	42 00
S. H. Neely, Auditor appointed by the Court to audit Public Offices,	25 81
Sheriff's Bills of Court Costs,	303 06
Clerk's pay,	200 00
Treasurer of Poor-house,	4,300 00
Fox and Wild Cat Scalps,	12 98
Abatement to Collectors of 5 per cent.,	1,030 68
Assessors' pay,	607 50
Coroner and Justice fees for Inquisitions,	96 23
Wood for Public Buildings,	137 74
Rent for House for Sheriff Fickes,	43 08
Public Printing and Blanks,	317 37
Grand Jury and Tip Staves pay, 1851,	328 88
General Jury and Tip Staves pay, 1851,	1,000 88
Certificates of Constables' Returns,	99 87
Medical attendance on Prisoners,	2 50
Jailor's Fees for keeping Prisoners,	246 76
Road damages and Damage Views,	1,180 59
Notes and Interest paid,	5,481 82
Court Cryer's pay,	70 00
Binding Books,	1 12
Repairs at Prison and Public Buildings,	209 12
Justice and Constable fees for committing Vagrants,	12 57
Officers' pay, General Election,	481 11
Officers' pay, Spring Election,	310 60
For compiling a new Judgment Docket from old Dockets and papers, by order of Court, according to the Act of Assembly of March 27th, 1827—showing all Liens since June 1st, 1846—Revivals—Fi. Fas.—Sheriff's Returns—Computation of Interest—how many satisfied, assigned, &c. &c.	498 50
Clerk of Quarter Sessions, for New Indexes prepared to old Dockets B. C. D., and Road Indexes to same, and binding several large Dockets in that office—under order of Court,	115 00
Register and Recorder, for transcribing mutilated Will and Deed Books—adding indexes—and comparing same—under order of Court,	300 00
For Indexing Judgment Dockets from 1844 to 1850 inclusive—also Appearance Docket S. entire—Binding and Repairing Dockets N. O. and R.—by order of Court,	143 25
D. S. Stoner, Esq., Contract on Jail, in full,	835 00
" " for Stable,	400 00
" Bake Oven and Scullery, &c.,	68 50
" Outbuildings,	40 00
" Extra Work to Jail, required after Contract was fulfilled,	456 00
Counsel to Commissioners, annual Salary,	30 00
" for Services in Connection with Contracts, &c., for new Jail, and Arguments of Cases in Court,	40 00
Quit Rents paid Geo. Himes, up to 1st of Jan., 1851,	2 00
John G. Morningstar, Esq., Commissioner's pay,	202 50
John Musselman, Jr., Esq., "	202 50
Jacob Griest, Esq., "	190 50
William Fickes, late Sheriff, Summoning Jurors,	63 00
Repairs at Bridges,	332 11
Taxes refunded,	19 61
Postage and Stationery for Office,	81 00
J. S. Hildebrand & Co., Contract in full, Berlin Bridge,	690 00
Beds and Bedding, &c., for Prison,	120 40
Directors of Poor, pay,	60 00
Exonerations to Collectors,	254 97
Collectors' Fees,	904 95
Balance due Treasurer at last settlement,	950 50
Treasurer's Salary,	300 00
Outstanding Taxes and Quit Rents,	1,654 69
Balance in hands of Treasurer,	501 75
	$25,913 70

IN TESTIMONY that the foregoing Statement of RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES exhibited at the Office of the Treasurer of said County, is a correct and true copy, as taken from and compared with the originals remaining in the Books in this Office—We have hereunto set our hands, and affixed the seal of said Office, at Gettysburg, the sixth day of January, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-two.

JOHN MUSSELMAN, Jr.,
JACOB GRIEST,
A. REEVER,
} Comm'rs.

ATTEST:—J. AUGHINBAUGH, *Clerk.*

AUDITORS' REPORT.

To the Honorable the Judges of the Court of Common Pleas of Adams County, Pa.

WE, the undersigned, duly elected AUDITORS to settle and adjust the Public Accounts of the Treasurer and Commissioners of said County, and having been sworn or affirmed agreeably to law, REPORT the following to be a general statement of said Account, from the seventh day of January, A. D. 1851, to the sixth day of January, A. D. 1852—both days included:

Samuel Fahnestock, Esq. Treasurer, and Commissioners, in account with the County of Adams.

DR.

		DOLLS. CTS.
To Outstanding Tax for	1846,	14 85
Do.	1848,	52 36
Do.	1849,	345 28
Do.	1850,	3,400 56
Do. Q. R.	1850,	177 50
Amount of Tax assessed for 1851,		15,097 87
" Quit Rents "		177 50
Cash received from sundry persons,		5,750 00
Fine received from Henry Chronister,		50 00
Abatement on State Quota,		673 68
Jury fees received from Sheriff Fickes,		24 00
Additional Taxes received,		9 20
Received costs for inquisition,		17 04
Errors and Taxes refunded,	1850,	96 82
Do. do.	1851,	27 04
		$25,913 70

CR.

			DOLLS. CTS.
By balance due Treasurer at last settlement,			950 50
Exonerations for		1846,	14 85
Do.		1849,	20 16
Do.		1850,	115 13
Do.		1851,	94 83
Fees		1849,	77 08
Do.		1850,	534 31
Do.		1851,	293 56
Outstanding Tax and Quit Rents for		1848,	52 36
Do.	Tax	1849,	73 86
Do.	Tax	1850,	158 72
Do.	Tax	1851,	1,265 25
Do.	Quit Rents	1851,	104 50
Disbursements on County Orders,			21,346 84
Treasurer's Salary,			300 00
Balance in hands of Treasurer,			501 75
			$25,913 70

WE, the undersigned, Auditors of the County of Adams, Pennsylvania, elected and sworn, in pursuance of law, do REPORT that we met, did audit, settle and adjust, according to law, the account of the Treasurer and Commissioners of said County, commencing on the seventh day of January, 1851, and ending on the sixth day of January, 1852—both days inclusive:—That said account, as settled above, and entered of Record in Settlement Book, in the Commissioners' Office of Adams County, is correct—and that we find a balance due to the County of Adams, by SAMUEL FAHNESTOCK, Esq. Treasurer of County, in Cash, *Five Hundred and One Dollars and Seventy-five Cents* ($501 75), and in Outstanding Tax, *One Thousand Six Hundred and Fifty-four Dollars and Sixty-nine Cents* ($1654 69).

JOHN ELDER,
F. G. HOFFMAN,
ANDREW MARSHALL, Jr.
} *Auditors of the County of Adams.*

Boots and Shoes.

THE attention of Ladies and Gentlemen is invited to a further supply of Boots and Shoes, of every variety, and at reduced prices—including GUM SHOES, of all sorts and sizes—just opening at the Cheap Store of
Dec. 15. KELLER KURTZ.

BONNETS, Ribbons, Parasols, Fans, &c. just received and for sale cheap, at
May 12. S. FAHNESTOCK & SONS

Ground Plaster,

ON hand and for sale at Lower Stone Steam Mill, in Germany township.

RIBBONS, Collars, Laces and Edgings, Hosiery, Ruchings, &c., suited to every taste at
April 14 KURTZ'S

LADIES' DRESS GOODS.

ANOTHER Stock of Dress Silks, Poplins, Berage de Laines, Berages, and Mous. de Laines, handsome and cheap, at
May 12. FAHNESTOCKS'

QUEENSWARE and GROCERIES in every variety and cheap at
May 12. FAHNESTOCKS'

JUST received a few more of those cheap Cloth Sack COATS. Also, some fine Cassimere PANTS, of every variety, at
March 14 SAMSON'S

PORT MONNAIES & POCKET BOOKS.

FOR Ladies and Gents at KELLER KURTZ'S, consisting of all the various patterns now manufactured. Call and see.

THE JEW.

They who undertake to head off the JEW
Will always find that they have something to do

HE and his brothers have just imported the largest and most splendid assortment of **British, French & German Cloths** ever offered in this market. They have purchased for Cash at prices so incredibly low, as to enable the JEW has regal to offer better Bargains than any one engaged in his line of business. He who doubts it is invited to call and be convinced.
Oct. 6.

GROCERIES.—A fresh supply just opened consisting in part of Rio and Java Coffee, Loaf, crushed and brown Sugar, Syrups, Molasses and Sugar, Teas, &c. A. R. KURTZ.

NEW GOODS—NEW GOODS.

FIRST OF THE SEASON!

☞ *The Cheap Corner always ahead with New and Fashionable Goods!*

THE CAMPAIGN HAS ALREADY OPENED—KEEP THE BALL ROLLING!

DE LAINES—DE LAINES.—Just received the largest lot of M. de Laines ever offered in this place—which will be sold at prices that will "astonish the natives."
Lease, fast colored, at 12½ cents.
1 " " 18¾ "
1 " " 22 "

☞ Also, the largest lot of SHAWLS ever brought to town, which will be sold at prices that cannot be beat any where in the County.

N. B. We will not weary your patience by calling attention to a great display of articles and promises, but merely add—Money that is really saved in making purchases, is much better than all we read of. Therefore call and secure BARGAINS, as our stock consists of nearly all the articles kept in the

Dry Goods and Groceries Line.

☞ *Don't forget the place.*
KURTZ'S CHEAP CORNER.
Sept. 29. tf

SOMETHING NEW!

MERCHANT TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT.

SKELLY & HOLLEBAUGH,
MERCHANT TAILORS,

RESPECTFULLY inform their friends and the public generally, that they have just returned from the City, and are now opening at their establishment in SOUTH BALTIMORE STREET, near the Diamond, (old stand of J. H. SKELLY,) the most choice selection of

CLOTHS,

ever offered in this place, embracing French Black, Blue, Blue-black, Green, Olive and Brown. Also French, Doe skin and Fancy

CASSIMERES,

Kentucky Jeans, Cotton Jeans, Tweeds, Cashmeretts, Linen for Coats and Pantaloons, &c., whilst their assortment of

FANCY VESTINGS,

is decidedly of the richest kind. Their TRIMMINGS embrace every thing that may be required, such as plain and fancy Buttons, Alpacas, Silk Serge, plain Silk, Muslin, &c. They are also getting up a full assortment of

READY-MADE CLOTHING.

☞ All the above will be disposed of at the lowest living rates, for Cash or Country Produce—to prove which they only ask a call.

☞ They are also prepared to make Garments at the shortest notice, and in the best manner—When required, they will *turn out an entire suit in twenty four hours!*

J. H. SKELLY returns his sincere thanks for the patronage heretofore bestowed upon him, and asks its continuance for the new Firm. Goods bought elsewhere will be made up, as usual; and, when desired, he will assist customers in making selections at other stores as heretofore.

☞ Spring and Summer Fashions for 1851 just received from New York.
Gettysburg, April 28. tf

NEW GOODS.

George Arnold

HAS just returned from Philadelphia and Baltimore, and is now opening at the Old Stand, as beautiful and well selected a

STOCK OF GOODS,

as has been offered to the public at any time, among which is a large lot of very cheap

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, CASSINETS,

Velvet Cords, Beverteens, Kentucky Jeans, Tweeds, Overcoat Cloths, Alpaccas, plain and figured, of every variety, Merinoes, Cashmeres, Coburg Cloth, M. de Laines, Silks, Calicoes, Ginghams, *Long and Square Shawls, of every variety,* very cheap, Flannels, Blankets, Domestics, Gloves, Hosiery, Bonnet Ribbons, Trimmings, &c., &c., with a large lot of

Fresh Groceries & Queensware,

together with almost every article in the trade—all of which will be sold cheap for Cash or Produce.

☞ We do not boast; but we wish our friends especially to understand that we will not be undersold in any article, by any establishment in this place or elsewhere. We buy for Cash, and cannot be beat.
Oct. 6. tf

P. S. A few STOVES on hand, which will be sold very cheap.

☞ OLD DEBTS thankfully received.

JUST FROM THE CITY.

Skelly & Hollebaugh.

HAVE just received from the city, and are now opening, at their establishment, in Baltimore street, the best assortment of CLOTHS, Cassimeres, Cassinets, Kentucky Jeans and Tweeds ever brought to this place. Also Vestings in great variety, combining plain and fancy Satin, fancy Silk, fancy Marinoes, &c. that can't be beat. The above articles will be found to be as cheap as they are good, and demand the attention of all who desire to purchase advantageously.
Oct. 20.

WHAT IS TREASON?

THIS is the question now-a-days which has swallowed up all others, even Will vaitpe're explode?—"Who threw that last brick?" and "Who struck Billy Patterson?" It is a hard question to answer, but there is no question whatever, that the largest and best selected stock of BONNET RIBBONS in the County, is to be found at KURTZ'S CHEAP CORNER.
Oct. 13. tf

RICH COPPER MINE.

ANOTHER ARRIVAL.

THOSE desirous of obtaining a rich vein of Ore, will do well to call at FAHNESTOCKS' STORE, and purchase some of their cheap DRY GOODS, &c. just received direct from New York, Philadelphia and Baltimore. This is their third arrival for the Spring, and are determined to sell a little lower than can be purchased elsewhere.

STACKS

of new **Cloths, Cassimeres, Satins,** and Satinets, at the JEW'S CHEAP CORNER, Coats, Pants and Vests, sold every day so low, that for fear the crowd of eager customers already so great, might swell beyond control, he must forbear naming the price.

Now for Music.

FRENCH and German ACCORDEONS, a fine assortment. Also a variety of new MUSIC now opening at the Bookstore of
KELLER KURTZ.
Sept. 1

GOTHIC CLOCKS, PISTOLS, and a large variety of JEWELRY, on hand and for sale
SAMSON'S.

BONNETS, Jenny Lind, China Pearl, Hair and Lace, Hair and Gimpe and various other styles, with Misses Lace and Gimpe at
April 14 A. R. KURTZ'S

GENTLEMEN who want Fancy Colored French Cloths, Cashmerets and Drap de Ete, Mohair, Black and Plain Doe Skin Pants, Silk, Satin, and Marseilles Vesting, can find a good assortment, at very low prices, at the wall known stand of

FOR SALE CHEAP, A ...

FAHNESTOCK'S STORE STILL AHEAD!

S. FAHNESTOCK & SONS would respectfully inform their friends and the public that having greatly enlarged their Store and increased their Stock of Goods, with additional facilities for purchasing, they are now prepared to offer extraordinary inducements to purchasers.

Having just returned from New York, Philadelphia and Baltimore, with the largest, cheapest, and best selected stock of Goods ever offered to the public, they invite their friends to give them a call. It embraces

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES,

QUEENSWARE, HARDWARE,

Saddlery, Oil and Paints, Dye Stuffs,

CEDAR WARE, &c.

The Ladies are particularly invited to call and examine their handsome assortment of *Dress Goods, Shawls, Bonnet Silks, Velvets and Ribbons, as also an exceeding large assortment of Fancy Goods, &c.*

For Gentlemen's wear they can show the largest and cheapest assortment of *Black and Fancy Cloths and Cassimeres, Cassinetts, Kentucky Jeans, Cords, Vestings & Overcoatings, ever before offered.*

DOMESTICS of every description, and very cheap

GROCERIES,

always to be had at the lowest market prices.

They are also prepared, with the largest stock of

HARDWARE

in the County, to offer inducements to purchasers, and particularly Builders, who can be furnished with all their necessary materials, a little lower than they can be purchased elsewhere.

Their stock of Saddlery, Shoe Findings, Oils and Paints, Glass, Nails, and Coach Trimmings, is complete.

Dye Stuffs and Cedar Ware at the lowest rates.

☞ All they ask is to give them a call, and judge for yourselves, for it is no trouble to show Goods; hoping by their attention to business to merit as heretofore their usual share of public patronage.
Oct. 6. tf

COME ONE! COME ALL!

Newer, Cheaper, and More of Them.

BOOTS & SHOES, HATS & CAPS.

KELLER KURTZ

HAS the pleasure of again announcing to his numerous customers, that he has just received his first FALL STOCK, and asks of them a call, where will be found a great variety and of superior quality Men's Thick Boots, Kip and Calf do., Boys' do., Youths' do., Men's Brogans, extra, Men's Kip and Calf Shoes, Women's Calf, Kip and Goat-skin Boots and Shoes, Misses and Children's do., Ladies' Slippers, Full and Half Gaiters, Buskins, Ties and Jenny Lind Shoes, Misses and Children's Shoes, a large assortment to select from. His assortment of HATS & CAPS can't be beat in this market, and will be found on examination to consist of every style, shape and size, that the eastern markets afford.

☞ Remember, when in want of BARGAINS, to call at KELLER KURTZ'S,
South east Corner of Centre Square.
Sept. 1.

WE HAVE THE GOODS NOW,

AND NO MISTAKE!

WM. W. PAXTON has just returned from the city with by far the largest assortment of BOOTS, SHOES, HATS & CAPS, he has ever had on hand, embracing every variety of style, material, workmanship, &c., to suit Ladies, Gentlemen, Boys and Girls, and children of every age.

LADIES' GAITERS,
" JENNY LINDS,
" BUSKINS, &c.,
GENTLEMENS' KIP,
" CALF,
" MOROCCO,
" MONROES,
" BOOTS, &c.
} *All of Home Manufacture, And warranted to wear.*

He has among his assortment the fine Fall style of Moleskin Hat, a beautiful article of Philadelphia make; also, the new style Black Soft Hats, just coming into fashion; Slouch Hats, of every variety of color, &c.; also, every variety of cloth, silk, and Lawn Caps, of the newest style and best make; all of which he will sell very low for ready pay.

He has made arrangements to manufacture any article called for that he has not on hand.

☞ Call and examine the goods.
W. W. PAXTON.
Nov. 3. tf

KEEP WARM.

A DESIRABLE assortment of OVERCOATINGS, such as brown, drab and grey Beaver Cloths, Petersham Cloth, &c., cheap and good can be found at
SKELLY & HOLLEBAUGH'S

LADIES' SHOES.

THE attention of the Ladies is particularly directed to the large and splendid Stock of Slippers, Buskins, Jenny Lind Shoes—of all qualities and exceedingly low at
May 12 FAHNESTOCKS'

NEW FANCY GOODS,

CONSISTING of Breast Pins, Ladies' and Gents' Ear Rings, Finger Rings, Chains, Lockets, Card Cases, Gold and Steel Pens, Gold Pencils, Cuff Pins, Medallions, Gold and Plated Guard Hooks, Combs, Cloth, Hair, Tooth and Nail Brushes, Soaps of every description, Hair Oils, Tooth Powders, Pearl Powder, Lily White, Cologne Water, Extracts for the Handkerchief, and a thousand and one other articles in the Notion line, all to be had at KELLER KURTZ'S STORE,
Sept. 1. South-east Cor. Centre Square.

LOOK OUT! PAY UP!!

THE subscriber hereby gives notice, that he has placed his Notes, Book Accounts, &c. for debts contracted *prior to January 1st, 1849*, in the hands of ALEXANDER R. STEVENSON, Esq. in Gettysburg—at whose office all persons indebted are requested to call and make payment. The large amount outstanding forbids further indulgence. ALL CLAIMS MUST BE CLOSED.
SAMUEL FAHNESTOCK.
Dec. 15. tf

LAST NOTICE.

THE subscriber hereby gives notice to those who have promised him WOOD on account, that he is in want of it, and that unless it is delivered forthwith, without further notice, the Accounts will be placed in the hands of an officer for collection, and the money required.
T. WARREN.
Jan. 5.

Money and Wood Wanted.

THE subscriber earnestly requests those indebted to him on accounts of long standing to call and pay him, and those persons who have contracted to deliver WOOD, are notified to bring it in as speedily as possible. ☞ Now is the time to prepare for Winter.
WM. W. PAXTON.
Nov. 3. tf

Something for the Gentlemen!

SKELLY & HOLLEBAUGH have just received a lot of *Silk Warp Cashmeretts*, for Gentlemen's wear. A splendid article and cheap.
May 26.

THE JEW has received the largest and cheapest assortment of *Silks, Mous. de Laines, Poplins, Alpaccas, Debeges, &c.*, ever offered in this place. Also the largest assortment of Shawls ever offered.

GENTLEMEN who may need a ... SUNDAY ... WEDDING SUIT ... SAMSON'S.

THE GREAT BRITISH QUARTERLIES AND BLACKWOOD'S MAGAZINE.

Important Reduction in the rates of Postage!
PREMIUMS TO NEW SUBSCRIBERS!!

LEONARD SCOTT & CO.,
No. 54, Gold street, New York,

CONTINUE to publish the following British Periodicals, viz.:
The London Quarterly Review (Conserv.)
The Edinburg Review (Whig),
The North British Review (Free Church,)
The Westminster Review (Liberal,)
AND
Blackwood's Edinburg Magazine (Tory.)

Although these works are distinguished by the political shades above indicated, yet but a small portion of their contents is devoted to political subjects. It is their *literary* character which gives them their chief value, and in that they stand confessedly far above all other journals of their class. *Blackwood*, still under the masterly guidance of Christopher North, maintains its ancient celebrity, and is, at this time, unusually attractive, from the serial works of Bulwer and other literary notables, written for that magazine, and first appearing in its columns both in Great Britain and in the United States. Such works as "The Caxtons" and "My Novel," (both by Bulwer,) "My Peninsular Medal," "The Green Hand," and other serials, of which numerous rival editions are issued by the leading publishers in this country, has to be reprinted by those publishers from the pages of Blackwood, after it has been issued by Messrs. Scott & Co., so that Subscribers to the Reprint of that Magazine may always rely on having the earliest reading of these fascinating tales.

These Reprints have now been in successful operation in this country for *twenty years*, and their circulation is constantly on the increase notwithstanding the competition they encounter from American periodicals of a similar class and from numerous *Eclectics* and Magazines made up of selections from foreign periodicals. This fact shows clearly the high estimation in which they are held by the intelligent reading public, and affords a guarantee that they are established on a firm basis, and will be continued without interruption.

TERMS AND PREMIUMS.

(*See list of Premium Volumes below.*)

			Per an.
Any 1 of the 4 Reviews and 1 Prem. Vol.			$3 00
Any 2	"	2 "	5 00
Any 3	"	2 "	7 00
All 4 of the Reviews		2 "	8 00
Blackwood's Magazine		1 "	3 00
Blackwood & 3 Reviews		3 "	9 00
Blackwood & the 4 Reviews		3 "	10 00

(*Payments to be made in all cases in advance.*)

The Premiums consist of the following works, back volumes of which will be given to subscribers according to the number of periodicals ordered, as above explained:—

PREMIUM VOLUMES.

Foreign Quarterly Review (one year.)
Blackwood's Magazine (six months.)
London Quarterly Review (one year).
Bentley's Miscellany (six months.)
Edinburgh Review (one year.)
Metropolitan Magazine (six months.)
Westminster Review (one year.)

Consecutive Premium volumes cannot in all cases be furnished, except of the Foreign Quarterly Review. To prevent disappointment, therefore, where that work is not always wanted, Subscribers will please order as many different works for premiums as there are volumes to which they may be entitled.

CLUBBING.

A discount of twenty-five per cent. from the above prices will be allowed to Clubs ordering four or more copies of any one or more of the above works. Thus: Four copies of Blackwood or of one Review will be sent to one address for $9; four copies of the four Reviews and Blackwood for $30; and so on.

No premiums will be given where the above allowance is made to Clubs, nor will premiums in any case be furnished, unless the subscription money is paid in full to the Publishers without recourse to an agent. Money current in the State where issued will be received at par.

REDUCED POSTAGE.

The postage on these Periodicals has, by the late law, been reduced, on the average, about FORTY PER CENT! The following are the present rates, viz.:

FOR BLACKWOOD'S MAGAZINE.

Any distance not over 500 miles, 9 cts per quarter.
Over 500 and " 1500 " 18 "
Over 1500 and " 2500 " 24 "

FOR A REVIEW.

Any distance not over 500 miles 4 cts per quarter.
Over 500 and " 1500 " 8 "
Over 1500 and " 2500 " 16 "

At these rates no objection should be made, as heretofore, to receiving the works by mail, and thus ensuring their speedy, safe, and regular delivery.

☞ Remittances and communications should be always addressed, post paid, to the Publishers,
LEONARD SCOTT & CO.,
79 Fulton Street, New York,
Entrance 54 Gold Street.

N. B.—L. S. & Co. have recently published, and have now for sale, the "FARMER'S GUIDE," by Henry Stephens of Edinburgh, and Prof. Norton of Yale College, New Haven, complete in 2 vols., royal octavo, containing 1600 pages, 14 steel and 600 wood engravings. Price in muslin binding, $6; in paper covers, for the mail, $5.
Dec. 22. 3t

New York Importers & Jobbers,

FREEMAN, HODGES & CO.,

58 *Liberty street, between Broadway and Nassau street, near the Post-office, New York.*

WE are receiving, by daily arrivals from Europe, our Fall and Winter assortment of rich fashionable

Fancy Silk and Millinery Goods,

We respectfully invite all Cash Purchasers thoroughly to examine our stock and prices, and AS INTEREST GOVERNS we feel confident our goods and prices will induce them to select from our establishment. Particular attention is devoted to Millinery Goods, and many of the articles are manufactured expressly to our order, and cannot be surpassed in beauty, style and cheapness.

Beautiful Paris Ribbons, for Hat, Cap, Neck and Belt.
Satin and Taffeta Ribbons, of all widths and colors.
Silks, Satins, Velvets and Uncut Velvets, for Hats.
Feathers, American and French Artificial Flowers.
Puffings and Cap Trimmings.
Dress Trimmings, large assortment.
Embroideries, Capes, Collars, Undersleeves and Cuffs.
Fine Embroidered Revere and Hemstitch Cambric Handkerchiefs.
Crapes, Lisses, Tarletons, Illusion and Cap Laces.
Valenciennes, Brussels, Thread, Silk, and Lisle Thread Laces.
Kid, Silk, Sewing Silk, Lisle Thread, Merino Gloves and Mits.
Figured and Plain Swiss, Book, Bishop, Lawn and Jaconet Muslins.
English, French, American, and Italian

STRAW GOODS.
Aug. 25 t

BUFF CASSIMER.

THE attention of Gentlemen is invited to a very superior quality of *Buff Cassimer*, at the Establishment of SKELLY & HOLLEBAUGH, Merchant Tailors, Gettysburg, where may be found *Fancy Cassimeres*, of every variety and quality.

THE STATE DEBT.

THE Taxes are high, but, Tax-payers, this is one consolation: prices ... at the JEW'S ...

Dry Goods and Groceries,

...

NEW

HARDWARE STORE.

THE Subscribers would respectfully announce to their friends and the public, that they have opened a NEW HARDWARE STORE in Baltimore street, adjoining the residence of DAVID ZIEGLER, Gettysburg, in which they are opening a large and general assortment of

Hardware, Iron, Steel,

GROCERIES,

CUTLERY, COACH TRIMMINGS,

Springs, Axles, Saddlery,

CEDAR WARE, SHOE FINDINGS,

Paints, Oils, & Dye-Stuffs,

in general, including every description of articles in the above line of business—to which, they invite the attention of Coach-makers, Blacksmiths, Carpenters, Cabinet-makers, Shoemakers, Saddlers, and the public generally.

Our Stock having been selected with great care, and purchased for Cash, we guarantee (for the ready money,) to dispose of any part of it on as reasonable terms as they can be purchased any where.

☞ We particularly request a call from our friends, and earnestly solicit a share of public favor, as we are determined to establish a character for selling Goods at low prices, and doing business on fair principles.

JOEL B. DANNER,
DAVID ZIEGLER.
Gettysburg, June 9. tf

MORE NEW GOODS.

GEO. ARNOLD

HAS just received from Philadelphia an additional supply of those cheap *Long Shawls, Cloths, Cassinetts, Jeanes, Poplins, Alpacca Lustres, Flannels, Domestics, Fresh Groceries, &c.* all of which will be sold at very reduced prices. Please call.

N. B. I would inform my customers and the public generally, that I will remove my Store to *SELL'S CORNER* in the spring, where I will be pleased to see all who will favor me with a call. GEO. ARNOLD.
Dec. 1. tf

THE PHILISTINES ARE BEATEN, AND

SAMSON'S AHEAD AGAIN!

TAKE notice that SAMSON'S new stock of fresh purchases are just arriving, and whoever will, may step in, and be rigged from head to toe, in a neat and complete full suit, at prices *that defy all competition!* HE CAN'T BE BEAT!! He buys for Cash, and knows just when, where, how and what to buy!. He can please customers of all ages and classes. He can fit them all to their satisfaction.

Attention then, is directed to his present stock which he is now forwarding, consisting of COATS, PANTS and VESTS of Superfine Cloths, Black, Blue, &c. Dress, Frock and Sack Coats, Roundabouts; PANTALOONS of all qualities, colors, prices and sizes.

Clothing of SUMMER CLOTHS, TWEEDS, LINEN, and other goods—every thing needed for Summer wear. Call and allow us to show a suit, and we are certain to sell.

The old adage says "it's not all gold that glitters," but SAMSON can show an assortment of JEWELRY, that will enable him to supply all demands in that line; along side of which you find MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS, Accordeons, Violins and Guitars; and a few CLOCKS of the same good lot he always kept.

He has various articles of LINEN GOODS, such as Shirts, Bosoms and Collars. Also Handkerchiefs, Suspenders, Socks, Pen knives and Pistols, and a most excellent article of Razors.

To protect your horses as well as yourselves, he has the largest assortment of FLY NETS ever offered in these parts. All sorts, sizes, colors, shades and shapes, of good materials and low priced.

The public generally are invited to call and test the truth of these promises. We have all these things, with many other articles too numerous to specify. Many a "notion" you can find at SAMSON'S, that you can't get elsewhere.

We ask a chance to *show* our goods. We offer them for the public accommodation, as their humble servant. We ask but *one price*, and that put low to suit the times.

☞ SAMSON'S *One Price Clothing and Notion Store is just opposite the Bank.*
Gettysburg, June 30. tf



Dr. Marchisi's Universal Catholicon.

THE undersigned, having been duly appointed Agent for the sale of this truly Invaluable Medicine, would respectfully invite the attention of Ladies and Practitioners of Gettysburg and vicinity, to the gratifying success that has attended its use wherever introduced, and its happy adaptation to the cure of all the distressing diseases for which it is offered; being those incidental to the respectable female, whether married or single, and usually known by the name of

FEMALE COMPLAINTS,

&c., with all their accompanying evils, (Cancer excepted) no matter how severe, or of how long standing.

That this CATHOLICON is in every way worthy of the confidence of the afflicted as a successful, safe and cheap remedy, is vouched for by the fact of its having received the approbation and liberal patronage of many prominent members of the

MEDICAL FACULTY

in the United States; and also by the voluntary testimonials given in the pamphlets from Ladies and Physicians of the highest respectability, as certified by the most satisfactory authority.

This preparation is not a "cure all," but is intended expressly for the above named complaints, so very distressing in their nature and consequences, and which have heretofore resisted the skill and exertions of the most accomplished Physicians of all countries, to a degree beyond that of perhaps any other malady to which the human family is heir.

THE INGREDIENTS, as certified by high medical authority, (see pamphlet,) are all VEGETABLE, and are not associated with any article unfriendly to the animal economy.

☞ Pamphlets can be had gratis at my Drug Store.

SAMUEL S. FORNEY, Agent,
Druggist, Gettysburg.

REFERENCES.
P. B. Peckham, M. D., Utica, N. Y.
L. D. Fleming, M. D., New Bedford, Mass.
D. Y. Foote, M. D., Syracuse, N. Y.
M. H. Mills, M. D., Rochester, N. Y.
W. W. Reese, M. D., City of New York.
John G. Orrick, M. D., Baltimore, Md.
W. Prescott, M. D., Concord, N. H.
Jan. 12. 6m

Shoes! Shoes! Shoes!

JUST received a large lot of LADIES' MOROCCO & KID SHOES, GAITERS, &c., Misses do. do. also Gentlemen's do. &c. at KURTZ'S CHEAP CORNER.
Apr. 14 tf

CLOTHS, Cassimeres, Cassinetts, Jeans, Vestings, Cravats, &c. at KURTZ'S

CARPETING and Floor Oil Cloth, cheap and very low at A. R. KURTZ.